THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 6

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—The House next my residence, containing four rooms, kitchen and servant's room. Also, one of those new houses, No. 9J Alabama street, containing six rooms, pantry and servants' rooms—to rent from first of October. Apply to GEO. P. ZEIGLER, corner of Hill and Alabama streets. sep2 1w

FOR RENT.—STOREHOUSE, No. 11 Union street, (see Block), 191 feet deep—now occupied by Galbreath, Stewart & Co. Also a Basement and Offices in the Knickerbocker Building, Nos. 16 and 18 Madison street. Apply to WM. RICHARDSON HUNT, No. 15 Union street. sep2 tf

FOR RENT.—That large and commodious WAREHOUSE, known as E. M. Apperson & Co.'s, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, for rent low to a good tenant. The Lessee will receive the patronage of the undersigned. E. M. APPERSON & CO. sep2 1m 258½ Front street.

FOR RENT.—A FIRST CLASS COTTON SHED, centrally located. Rent from the 1st September. Apply to H. S. DUNSCOMB, DeSoto Bank. au18 1m

FOR RENT.—The large COTTON SHED of Wormeley & Pickett, on Main street, extending through to Court; also the splendid Store and Cellar, No. 37 Adams street. Possession given immediately. Apply to WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., au9 37 Adams street.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street. Two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR SALE.

Land for Sale.

300 ACRES, more or less, of good rich timbered unimproved Land, on Raleigh and Cuba Road, on Big Creek, Shelby county, will be offered at private sale, for cash, until Monday, September the 28th, when, if not sold, the same will be sold at public auction at the Circuit Courthouse door in Memphis.

Apply to LUCY T. RALSTON, Executrix of John Ralston, dec'd. Big Creek, Or M. D. L. STEWART, sep1 td Memphis.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—Beautiful, shaded and choice Building Lots, fronting on favorite residence streets, either cleared or with fine forest trees—very low. W. A. WHEATLEY, Agent Mrs. Col. Preston, No. 3 Bethel Block. jy22 2m

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 23 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Treasevant & Co., my Agents, in the city. jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED.—I want to exchange my improved city property, valued at $5000 cash, for country property of same valuation, or will take dry goods to that amount. Address K. S., Appeal Office. au8

WANTED.—5000 bushels DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. Highest market price paid at G. A. ECKERLY'S, 344 Front street, between Union and Gayoso streets. au24 6w

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper by an experienced business man and thoroughly accountant. Address B.C., Appeal office. au20

WANTED.—By an accomplished Southern Lady a situation as Teacher of the Piano and Singing in a private family or young ladies' seminary. References of the highest respectability given. Address L. M., care of Mrs. DeGray Bennet, No 50 Second street, Memphis. au9 1m

AGENTS WANTED.—Campaign Lives of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR and GRANT AND COLFAX, beautifully colored Charts, Steel Portraits, Pins, Badges. Everything for the times—every voter wants them. GOODSPEED & CO., au8 1m Memphis or New York.

WANTED—DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. None but bright halves. Also, No. 1 SWEET POTATOES. McDONALD & WOODWORTH, au12 1m Corner of Front and Union Sts.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Furnished Rooms with Board, at 161 Second street. References required. sep6

NOTICES.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbreath, Stewart & Co. A. WRIGHT. se8 tf

Notice.

I HAVE determined henceforward to do a Commission business exclusively, and have rented my store and taken an office up stairs in same building, where I will be glad to see my friends and patrons. Thanking them for past favors, I beg a continuance of the same. mh15 NATHAN HOFFHEIMER.

Notice.

ALL persons whom it may concern are hereby notified that Certificate No. 219 for eight shares and Certificate No. 1046 for five shares of stock in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad having been lost or mislaid, application has been made for a re-issue of said stock. MATTHEW J. COX. Memphis, May 5, 1868. sep6 1w

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me. ap18 A. WRIGHT.

INSURANCE.

THE STATE INSURANCE COMPANY

W. H. MOORE, AGENT,

4 1-2 Madison Street.

je21 Sm

Liberal Conditions. Equitable Rates. Prompt Settlements.

THE GEORGIA

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1859.

Paid in Capital	$350 000 00
Assets January 1, 1868	416,250 97

$20,000 IN BONDS DEPOSITED WITH the Comptroller of Tennessee.

Blank forms furnished, and all inquiries promptly answered, on application in person or by letter.

JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.

W. H. MOORE, Agent, 4 1-2 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn. je21 3m

CARDS.

A Card.

NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1868.

MESSRS. MAYER, MARSHALL & CO., OF Memphis, are the only ones for whom I will hereafter fill up orders for the market. They are authorized to sell my cigars to dealers at factory prices. au13 1m GEORGE ALCES.

A CARD.

A REPORT having obtained credence that I have withdrawn from the LIFE INSURANCE business, I take this method of notifying the Public that I am still connected with

The New York Life Insurance Company

Feeling thankful for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore bestowed on me by my friends in Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

I have also associated with me in business, Mr. T. C. CASKIN, formerly of South Carolina, a gentleman I cordially recommend to my friends and patrons. S. D. McCLURE. se6

PREMIUM.

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DELIVERED to E. P. BATES & CO., Commission Merchants, au25 3m No. 366 Front street.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

1868.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. E. Forster, 294 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellersh, 32d.'. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d.'. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

ENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS.

UREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

Occident Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.'. AND A.'. SCOTTISH RITE.

304 Front Street.

HERMES AND MUTHRAS Lodges meet in connection 4th Wednesday in every month. F. Mellersh, Secretary.

CASPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.'.; — Sec.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.'. W.'.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.'.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry F. Woodard, 32d., Comm.'.; William Y. Grode, 32d, Rec.'.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d., Comm.'. in Chief; Lodge C. Trader, 32d, Rec.'.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 8. I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. J. H. McClure, C. P.; F. Mellersh, H. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. jy4

MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 6.—Meets every Tuesday night. F. Mellersh, N. G.; M. Pomp, Secretary. au19

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8.—Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

THE NEWS.

—The cars on the Knoxville and Charleston Railroad reached Maryville, Tenn., last Thursday.

—One firm in New York rents out 1000 pianos, from which they receive an annual income of $80,000.

—Sporadic cases of Asiatic cholera continue to be reported in New England towns. James M. Doane, tailor, died of cholera in New Bedford last Sunday.

—John Quincy Adams, the grandson of old John Quincy Adams, is again the Democratic candidate for Governor of Massachusetts.

—The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have commenced running passenger cars through from Baltimore and Washington to Cincinnati, without change.

—The Jackson *Clarion* learns that the military authorities have removed the clerks of the circuit and probate courts in Madison county, for giving certificates to freedmen, stating that they had voted the Democratic ticket in the late election.

—The Okitibbeha (Miss.) *New Era* says, are told that rats are destroying sweet potatoes in the eastern portion of this county. They burrough in and help themselves to the best the patch affords. We don't blame the rats, it shows good taste.

—East Tennessee marble is becoming an important item. The quarries of Hawkins county are daily sending out marble to the States east, north and west of us. A considerable amount has recently passed over the East Tennessee and Virginia Road, destined for Chicago and Louisville.

—The Jackson (Tenn.) *West Tennessee Whig*, says all the wounded in the recent desperate fight near Poplar Corner are doing well. Jno. Boykin's will probably be the only death that will result from the engagement. How the others escaped appears almost miraculous.

—Carl Schurz is still enlightening the public on the beauties of Radicalism. His next text will be an elucidation of the points he once made in a Western speech, that "God was an imaginary being, the Bible only fit to amuse children, and the Christian Sabbath a relic of barbarism."

—A man named Leslie, who recently kept a dance house in New York, is now a leading carpet-bag Senator in the Legislature of Georgia, and rampant for Grant and Colfax. This is the class of men Radicalism has raised to power in the South, and yet Senator Wilson blasphemously proclaimed that the Radical party was built on the "Rock of Ages."

—Portland, Maine, is to be supplied with water. It will be brought from Sebago Lake, a beautiful sheet of water sixteen miles distant. The process of excavating the trenches for the mains is going on rapidly. An immense reservoir is to be built in the city. The hydrants are to number about 200. It is thought that the expense of the undertaking will be about $2,000,000.

—The produce of the chase in the province of Archangel, Russia, has recently been published in the Paris *Moniteur*. From this account it appears that the number of animals annually shot amounts to about 400,000 squirrels, 22,000 ermines, 40,000 hares, 3000 white or sky blue foxes, 200 large wolves, 175 small wolves, 200 bears, 70,000 brace of woodcocks, 10,000 wild geese and ducks, and 12,000 swans.

—The *New Era*, carpet-bag journal of Atlanta, Ga., admits that the State will go for Seymour and Blair in November, and declares that the Radical party "have no organization" in that section. This is well known. Guarantee the white men of the South a fair election, remove the Freedmen's Bureau, and keep the military out of the contest, and the Radicals cannot touch bottom in a single State from Virginia to Texas. The Radical party is a fraud and a "beat."

—The Alexandria (Va.) *Gazette* says: If the Freedman's village near Washington: This stronghold of Radicalism is about to follow the example of Jackson city and will shortly be among the things that were. Many of the inhabitants have already left, and numbers of the shanties of which "the village" was composed are being pulled down. Some of the freedmen have gone into the country, but most have betaken themselves to Washington city.

—No prominent Southern man of honest purposes has made a speech or written a letter that has not been maligned and denounced by the New York *Tribune*. At length Gen. Lee is vilified by Greeley for his persistent silence. Greeley, as a political preacher to Southerners, adopts the fatalist theory of Lorenzo Dow:

You can and you can't;
You will and you won't;
You'll be damned if you do
And be damned if you don't.

—Sometime ago the Grant "Tanner" clubs of the West advertised for Democratic *pelts*. The Democrats of Kentucky gave them 90,000 stout *pelts*; Montana sent an increase of 2400, Oregon supplied them with 1600, and Idaho with from 600 to 800. This being a little larger stock than these enterprising skinners were able to manage or pay for, they have withdrawn their advertisements, and have wisely concluded the Democratic *pelts* are more plentiful than they had supposed. Vermont is an old skin, and not worth much.

—A Frenchman named Charlier has invented a new sort of horse shoe which is much praised. It consists of an iron band let into a rectangular groove scooped from the outer circle of the horse's foot. This band is fastened with seven rectangular nails, driven into oval holes. The sole of the foot and the frog are thus allowed to touch the ground; the horse never slips, and never gets diseases of the foot. The new shoe has been tried by M. Lauguet, a large livery-stable keeper in Paris, and has reduced lameness in his stable by two-thirds. The Omnibus Company, moreover, have shod 1200 horses, and speak of the improvement in high terms.

CRETE.

Progress of the Rebellion—Russia Favors it.

In Crete the rebellion still flourishes. The Turks have been defeated in several important engagements, while the Christians are flushed with success, and infuriated by the recent massacres to desperate deeds and enterprises. Through the intervention of Gen. Ignatieff, the Porte has been obliged to dismiss Ferta Pasha, commanding in Candia, and other officials there, and issue orders that, in the future, the contest is to be waged by the Moslem troops in accordance with the rules and requirements of civilized nations. Russia favors the Greek rebels, and may yet interfere in such a manner as to force the Sultan to grant the requests of his refractory subjects. The thrones of Russia and Greece are now united, and what benefits the King of Greece will at the same time add to the power and influence of the Czar.

POLITICAL GAINS.

Who's Ahead?—The Democrats or Rads?

The following table shows the gains and losses at the two parties in the elections which have taken place this year:

DEMOCRATIC GAINS.	
New Hampshire	500
Oregon	2,000
Connecticut	900
Kentucky	46,000
Democratic gain	49,400
RADICAL GAINS.	
Rhode Island	1,000
Vermont	5,000
Radical gain	6,000

It will be perceived that the general result of the gains and losses is a very satisfactory showing for the Democracy, amounting to over 40,000 votes. In electoral votes the States have gone as follows: Connecticut, Oregon and Kentucky for the Democrats. They have twenty electoral votes. New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont have given Radical majorities. They have only fourteen electoral votes. Thus the Democracy lead on the State elections, both in the electoral and in the popular vote. They lead in the State election, and they will lead in the Presidential election.

GREELEY.

What he has to Say about the Prospect.

The New York *Tribune* reminds its readers that in nine weeks the people's votes will decide who is to be their President, and remarks, "how *very far we are from being ready* for that ordeal the intelligent well know."

The "Copperheads," as it courteously calls the three millions of Democrats, it says, are determined to win at all hazards; and they will do it by fraudulent naturalizations and by double voting if they can.

The "indolence" of Radicals, whom it calls "do-nothings," it rebukes, and reminds them that their confidence in Grant's election is a delusion. It says: "If we do not misread the signs, they are likely to have their confidence rudely shocked within the next six weeks."

Then, after a tremendous scream about the "monstrous frauds" meditated by the horrid "Copperheads," who are "determined to win," it says: "We speak frankly; for the crisis is very grave, and the necessity for action urgent."

All which means that the prospect is very bad for the Radicals, and that the "Copperheads" have already "stacked the cards" and will win the game.—*St. Louis Republican.*

GENERAL OULD.

The Prisoner Exchange Matter Again.

We regret that we have not space for the last letter of Gen. Ould, late Confederate Commissioner for the Exchange of Prisoners. It is dated at Richmond, September 2d, and is in reply to one from Gen. S. Meredith, at one time United States Commissioner of Exchange, in regard to the controversy which has been going on so long, as to the responsibility of the delays in complying with the cartels. Gen. Ould speaks of Gen. Meredith as "an ass," and says he was coarse, rude, arrogant, and so inexpressibly stupid it was difficult to transact business with him. The letter alludes to a speech by Gen. Butler, in Massachusetts, in January, 1865, in which he frankly confessed that Butler was reluctantly engaged in the business of preventing an exchange. He speaks also of Gen. Schenck as distinguished, and calls his services remarkable military achievements, and says that Schenck's General Order No. 15, dated March 9, 1863, required all the officers and men who had been captured in his department and released on parole to return to service before being exchanged, on the penalty of being considered deserters.

The correspondence is likely to be continued with a good deal of sharpness, and the facts of the case developed.

THE ISRAELITES OF MURFREESBORO.

They Repudiate Grant—Strong Resolutions.

From the Nashville Banner.]

At a meeting held by the Israelites of Murfreesboro, a couple of days since, Mr. Henry Hirsh was called to the Chair, and Mr. E. Schiff appointed Secretary.

The Chairman stated that the time had come when every true Israelite should act with all their strength in opposing the election of U. S Grant for the office of President of the United States. The infamous order No 11, expelling the Jews, as a class, from his department he reviewed, and was of itself sufficient evidence to convince them that U. S. Grant entertained no friendship for the Israelite. His whole line of conduct in all its treachery was fully explained.

The Chairman appointed a committee to draft suitable resolutions expressive of the feelings of the meeting. The committee reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the Israelites of Murfreesboro, pledge our honor to oppose with all our might and with our means, to defeat the election of U. S. Grant for President of the United States, who we consider an enemy to religious liberty.

Resolved, That, although few in number, we will co-operate with the Democratic party to defeat our, and what we conceive to be an enemy to the country, and if time and money are needed, to expend them cheerfully in the accomplishment of that object.

Resolved, That we feel highly gratified by the resolution passed by the Seymour and Blair Club of Murfreesboro, inviting us to co-operate with that body in the defeat of U. S. Grant, and inasmuch as our purposes are the same, we most heartily accept the same, and shall use every endeavor in establishing civil and religious liberty, by defeating U. S. Grant for the Presidency.

Odd.

What a situation!

Senators of the State of South Carolina discussing angrily their own *right to enter hotels.*

Did ever any government exhibit such a paradoxical situation?—*N. Y. Evening Mail.*

—A mine of bitumen and liquid pitch has been discovered in the beat of Corral Nuevo, Matanzas, said to be very valuable. Its exploration is to be commenced soon.

RAPE AND RIOT.

The Negroes of Dallas County, Arkansas.

The Arkadelphia, (Dallas county, Ark.,) *Standard* of the 29th ultimo, has a report that a bloody tragedy occurred last week in Louisville, Lafayette county, the extreme southwestern county of the State, resulting in the death of seven negroes and five white men. The circumstances of the case were substantially as follows: A negro man had committed a horrible outrage upon a little girl thirteen years old, and the citizens executed summary punishment upon him by hanging. A brother of the negro went to town soon after the execution and behaved himself in a very insulting and riotous manner, using threats against those who had hung his brother. The people of the place, after bearing his insults for sometime, hung him also. The negroes of the town and neighborhood then collected together to the number of about forty or fifty, and made a general attack upon the town, which was met by the citizens with the above result.

OUTRAGE IN NEW ORLEANS

Rads on the Rampage—Women, Men and Boys Beaten.

From the Crescent of Sunday.]

Friday night, after the outrage at Mr. Dennett's store, corner Gasquet and Villere streets, the Radical negro procession passed on down to the rear of the Second District, cursing and yelling like fiends. As they approached the corner of Johnson and Bienville streets Mr. A. Doussan's young son, (the family live near by,) thinking it was an orderly procession, called to his little brother to come out of the house and see it go by. At this moment the lad was assailed by more than a score of youthful negroes, who were in front of the band, "keeping step to the music of the Union." They beat the unfortunate boy with clubs and other weapons in an unmerciful manner. The boy's aunt, hearing the tumult came to the front door to see what was the matter. Finding her nephew in the clutches of the sable fiends, she rushed forward, with woman's devotion, threw her arms around her nephew's neck and sheltered his head in her bosom. She, in turn, was now attacked and badly beaten. One of the grown up negroes in the ranks threw his coal oil torch at the lady, with the intention of setting her clothing on fire; but this attempt was unsuccessful, the torch being thrown with such force as to extinguish the flame of the oil. A little child, the niece of Madame Doussan seeing the perilous position of her aunt, screamed piteously for assistance. The two Messrs. Doussan's, who were in the garden or rear premises with two or three friends, altogether unconscious of the outrage to their relatives, were attracted by the child's screams. They immediately rushed to the rescue, before succeeding in accomplishing which they also were beaten with clubs and struck with rocks and other missiles. One of the Messieurs Doussan had his upper lip split through with a brickbat. The mob then stood off, threw whatever they could find to throw at the house, until nearly every window pane was smashed and the rooms riddled. The 875 policemen were not of any service in the cause of law and order or of security for the citizen.

PARISIAN FASHIONS.

The Newest Things in Hats, Boots and Dresses.

Translated from Le Follet for the New York Tribune.]

Striped cambric is all the rage at present, and is almost indispensable for morning costumes of fashionable ladies. The way it is generally worn is this: The skirt has very wide blue and white, or cherry colored and white, or green and white stripes; it has five or seven small flounces for ornament, one large flounce, with a puffing above it, or a row of plaits or pipings may take the place of the flounces. The upper skirt is also made of striped cambric, but the stripes are more narrow. Its ornaments correspond with those of the lower skirt, and the skirt is open in front, and looped up very high, so as to form a large puffing at the sides. It may also be held up at the sides, opened behind, and cut round in front. The Russian *chemise* of cambric has wide stripes like the skirt, and the *fichu* has no flaps, or a very small *Lamballe* mantelet may be worn in its place, bordered with trimmings which correspond with those of the skirt, only on a smaller scale. The round belt is fastened at the side by a knot. Morning costumes are also made of unbleached linen or *Marseilles*. The linen toilets are more simple, and merely trimmed with lace of striking colors. The dresses made of *Marseilles* are uni-colored, or with small *Pompadour* boquets, and serve more as walking costumes; they can be much improved by a tunic of white *Marseilles* coquettishly looped back behind, and bordered with more or less embroidered trimming. In this case the waist must be made of unbleached *Marseilles*, as well as the skirt, and the *fichu*, and the whole of it, bordered with embroidered trimming. There is no other choice with this costume than the *Watteau* hat, with the brims held up, and small *Dauphine* shoes, of dull kid, or of silk cloth, with a large knot, and high heels *a la Louis XV.* The visiting toilets at watering places, or in the country, generally display much richness in rich execution; they are made of taffeta, for instance, and mixed with Chambery gauze, Challie, or grenadine, the latter material being either white or black. I have seen the following costume, worn by the Baronness de V——, which gave her a very distinguished appearance: The costume was made of turquoise-blue taffeta, and composed as follows: A short skirt, ornamented with three stripes of guipure, ten centimeters in width, is covered by a black Chambery gauze cloak, *a la Watteau*, which also has stripes of guipure, but of less width than those of the skirt, and is looped back at the sides by knots of guipure. The belt of blue taffeta is fastened on one side by a knot, *a la Mousquetaire*. The waist worn under the cloak is of blue taffeta, cut very low, and bordered by a small guipure. The straw hat, with high crown, is held up on one side by a long blue feather, and the neck-tie, *a la Montpensier*, is composed of white guipure. The turquoise-blue taffeta parasol is covered with guipure lace, and the black boots have high Louis XV. heels, while the fan is blue, and ornamented with guipure. I have been asked whether long skirts may make *paniers;* to which I answer that they may just as well as the short ones. At a semi official dinner given by Mme. De M——, in her castle of Touraine, Mme. De C—— wore the following toilet: A very long dress of white sultans, with a number of small golden colored pipings and flounces. The tunic was looped back, and very much pulled out *en paniers* at the sides. The waist was cut low, and in form of a heart, in front as well as behind, and completed by a *fichu Lamballe*, fastened to the shoulders with a gold-colored knot. This *fichu* had microscopic yellow flounces, and pipings for ornament, and fastening in form of a heart, both in front and behind, fell back in short flaps cut round at the upper part of the skirt. These flaps were fastened to the place where the *paniers* commenced, by knots similar to those on the shoulders. The very wide belt, composed of a gold-colored ribbon, fell back behind over the skirt. I must not omit at this place to mention a few details which greatly help in improving the toilet. With costumes of striped cambric should be worn striped stockings of the same color. The fan and the parasol should also correspond with the character of the toilet. For certain travelling or country costumes the apron may be imitated by means of trimmings.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH.

The Approaching Ecumenical Council.

Florence (August 16) Correspondence of La Stecle.]

I received from Rome, in reference to the approaching ecumenical council, information to which you may accord special attention, because it reaches me from an excellent source. Up to the present time no sovereign has been invited to take part in it, or to be represented by his embassador. Count de Sartiges has not made any direct representation on the subject; but being charged, it is said, by his Government to sound the Court of Rome respecting its intentions, and to ascertain the programme of questions which are to be submitted to the decision of the council, he had naturally to point out to Cardinal Antonelli the fact of the exclusion of Catholic sovereigns and of dissident prelates. The Secretary of State reminded the French Ambassador that the Council of Trent had been convoked with the view of endeavoring to put an end to the schism produced by Luther, and that in order to attain the end then in view, the Sovereign Pontiff had forwarded letters of invitation to the heads of the dissident church, and to the various monarchs who had all more or less taken part against or in favor of the reformation. On the other hand, added the Cardinal, since the common law of the church has been profoundly changed by a number of concordats with various Powers; since a more or less radical separation has taken place between the civil power and the ecclesiastical authority; since all professions of faith are admitted and treated on a footing of equality, the sovereigns are no longer the executors of the decrees of general councils, the secular arm having ceased to support the decisions of the church. Cardinal Antonelli hastened to add that the sovereign Pontiff would, however, not hesitate to forward letters of invitation to such princes as might make a request for them. With respect to the labors which await the council, I have reason to think that M. de Sartiges is perfectly well informed on that point. Certain it is that questions of discipline and of the relations between ecclesiastical authority and the civil power will occupy a large space in its deliberations. The suppression of religious corporations, the sale of the property belonging to them, the dispersion of the persons of both sexes composing the orders of the secular clergy are subjects which at present are assiduously studied. The Pope is especially grieved to find the religious bodies being extinguished in Italy, where an absolute prohibition exists against persons entering on monastic life.

The Story of a Diamond Pin.

The Hartford *Courant* tells this story: "In 1861 a lady in Hartford presented her husband with a cluster diamond pin, which he wore until May last, when, on a New Haven steamboat, he either lost it or it was stolen from him. A few days since the lady, wishing to replace the loss by another, visited the store where the former one was purchased, and was struck with the similarity between one shown her and her former purchase. A close examination convinced her of its identity, and a search into its history proved it to be in reality the same pin lost seven years ago. It was found on the boat by a watchman, who sold it to one of the employes of the boat, who took it to a diamond setter in New Haven to have it changed into a ring. The jeweler substituted another stone in its place, sold the pin to a pawnbroker, and it finally returned to the jeweler who sold it, and who has willingly surrendered it to its true owner.

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Our facilities are such that we can offer Goods at New York Jobbers' prices. sep6 1m

THE ONLY WAY

—FOR—

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

To Buy Cheap Goods,

—IS TO—

Pay the Money,

OR give such undoubted SHORT TIME paper as will assuredly be promptly met at maturity. Other systems are played out! Those who realize this fact can buy what Dry Goods they may want, of

WM. R. MOORE & CO.,

Exclusive Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants

au5 1m No. 299 Main Street, Memphis.

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Cash! Cash!

WE are daily receiving very heavy shipments of

Fall and Winter Goods,

—EMBRACING—

English, French and American Dress Fabrics,
Southern Made Osnaburgs, Shirtings and Sheetings,
Cotton, Wool and Silk Hosiery and Gloves,
8, 10, 11 and 12 1-4 Bed Blankets,
Canton and all Wool Flannels,

—AND—

A General Assortment of Notions.

TERMS CASH.
ONE PRICE.
NO DEVIATION.

We have suspended ALL accounts (except to Merchants), and have reduced our prices. We sell FOR CASH, and hope no one will ask time on purchase. HOWELL WOOD & CO. SOUTHERN PALACE, sep3 3m 352 Main street.

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MRS. CUTHBERT'S

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Nos. 1418 and 1420 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

WILL commence its Seventh Semi-Annual Session September 7, 1868. A full corps of experienced teachers is employed. Special advantages are offered in French, Elocution, Penmanship and Music. The Principal would call special attention to her Boarding Department. The dormitories have been newly fitted up during vacation, and are attractive in every respect. Reference by permission:

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Catalogues may be found at the Bookstore of Geo. Pattison. au20 1m

Memphis Female College.

TWENTY-NINTH SESSION.—We shall organize the FORMS in this College, according to previous announcement, for the ensuing scholastic year of forty weeks, on TUESDAY, September 1, 1868. For circulars, giving full particulars, apply to the Principal at the College, or at the bookstores. jy26 tsep9 M. A. E. MORGAN, Principal.

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LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street, ST. LOUIS.

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Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.

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THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.:

ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.

Assets	$ 4,833,543
Total Losses Paid	21,271,973

HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED, A.D., 1810.

Assets	$2,026,220

H. A. LITTLETON, Agent.

HOME OF NEW YORK.

Assets	$3,623,896

SECURITY OF NEW YORK.

Assets	$1,477,677

ENTERPRISE OF CINCINNATI.

Capital	$1,000,000

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Ag'ts.

Losses Paid at this Agency.

Applications for Marine and Accident Insurance promptly attended to. je17 4m

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY

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CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

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INSURANCE COMPANY,

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THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

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KNICKERBOCKER

Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

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Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

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For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

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FOR FALL TRADE.

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Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,

Will receive, per Barque "A. G. Jewett," from Bordeaux, a full Stock of

FRENCH BRANDIES, WINES, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

"YANNISSEE" AND "WESTMORELAND" WHISKY,

AND HAVE ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF

Bourbon, Robertson County and Other Liquors.

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Capital, : : : : : : :	$228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : :

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Five copies, one year,	17 50
Ten copies, one year,	32 50
Twenty-Five copies, one year,	75 00

Any one getting up a Club of Five or more for the Weekly at the above rates will receive a copy gratis.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 9, 1868

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR.
For Vice-President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.
EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

THE NEWS.

Snow has fallen in Bennington, Vt.

Chicago is to have a new Odd Fellows Hall.

It is said that there are but 300,000 Indians left.

The Richings Opera Troupe are rusticating in Cleveland.

Pennsylvania is building a hospital for the insane 1,142 feet long.

New Sea Island cotton has commenced to come into Charleston.

Mrs. Hoey, of New York, is said to be writing her recollections of the stage.

The receipts of the billiard-tables in Paris are $2,000,000 per annum.

About fifty tons of peaches are sent out daily from the Miami Valley and the region thereabout.

Wheat and coffee sent by mail is to be charged letter postage; also umbrellas and smoothing-irons.

Victor Hugo's new romance is entitled "93." The French publisher has given 100,0000 francs for it.

Two steamers are building on the Clyde, to run between Savannah and Liverpool.

Bonner is to engage, it is said, twelve distinguished Generals of the South to write a series of twelve articles for the *Ledger*.

The Chinese fashion of wearing the fan in belt has been adopted by American ladies since the arrival of the Embassy.

Within a period of about five years, Fall River has invested in manufacturing establishments within its limits nearly $5,000,000.

Eight blast furnaces at Youngstown, Ohio, which have been idle all summer for want of coal, are blowing this week.

A workingmen's convention is called to assemble in London. One object it has in view is to aid in returning, if possible, at least a dozen *bona fide* workingmen to Parliament.

Besides the annoyance of bad water, Cleveland is threatened with fire from the coal oil refineries. The river took fire on Saturday last.

A new magazine to be called the *Central Park Magazine*, is being talked about. It will not be unlike *London Society*, but more sprightly.

The losses to American marine insurance companies for August amounted to $948,000, and for the first eight months of the year, $10,600,500.

The Government paid to the Pacific Railroad $699,600 for transportation. The same service by wagon, at the usual rates, would have cost $2,625,000.

The prospectus of the new telegraphic line to connect Portugal and the United States, under the title of the "People's Cable," has been issued.

The Japan war has had a remote effect upon an inland town in Massachusetts. Two of the Japanese students who were placed at school in that State have been called home, to share in the perils of civil combat.

The tunnel in progress under Chicago river has been arched 665 feet, and only 225 feet remain to be arched, considerable of which is excavated. The work will cost half a million, and be ready for travel next spring.

Letters received in Washington from Western Congressmen continue to be strongly against a meeting on the 21st of this month; and it is reported that the appeals from the South for a session are becoming less urgent.

Thirty-four millions of dollars of internal taxes have been collected since the 1st of July. Owing to the change in the tax and in the system of collection, it was not expected the collections would be so large.

Twenty-three thousand two-hundred and seventy-six emigrants arrived at Toronto during the present year, of whom only three thousand one hundred and one remained in Canada.

The Fourth of July was celebrated in Sitka with a canoe-race, a procession, oration, dinner and fire-works. A young Russian girl represented the Goddess of Liberty in the procession.

George Hall, a wealthy citizen of Hartford, formerly of Savannah, has just died, leaving a large fortune. In his will he bequeaths $30,000 for charitable purposes in Hartford, and a like sum for the same object in Savannah.

Every one of the eighteen manufacturing establishments in Rockville, Conn., except the works of the Rose Silk Company, are running on full time and with full force. Manufacturing business has not been so brisk in that town since the war as it is now.

A New York paper says the German Schutzenfes's are very grand, creditable and successful affairs, save in one respect—they do not pay. The New York Fest left a deficit of $6000; the Imperial Fest of Vienna expended 100,000 florins more than it received.

An ambitious fellow in Connecticut appeals over his own signature, "Too thee michannicks, and laburing men of my natyve town, I wil reprizent yew in the Stait assemblee irrispectif of pollyties, relijyon, or eddycashun." This chap ought to come to Memphis and join Barbour Lewis and his crowd.

One of the most successful swindles practiced, is that of leading somebody to believe that a fortune awaits his or her claiming in England or somewhere else. In nine cases out of ten the "agent" of the estate seeks only a liberal fee and a trip across the water at his dupe's expenses. Beware of these swindlers.

Here is a peculiarly French description of the people of Bavaria: "The Bavarians are a happy people. They have money, which makes happiness, and a King who makes music. They drink much and often, and smoke as they drink. They sleep long, eat five times day and make love between their meals."

A new harvester has been invented which cuts the grain, threshes, cleans and sacks it, all at one operation. Its weight is said to be only 1,674 pounds, does not contain so many parts as the Kirby harvester, and the inventor claims that with two men and four horses it will do, in a single day, as much work as fourteen men and nineteen horses in the old-fashioned way. It is called "Young America."

A New York fashion writer (female) talking of the panier, or "fashionable hump," and the Grecian bend, or "coile stoop," which some fashionable foo—— young ladies affect, says: "We must confess that we never see the fashionable hump, and bend, and step, without wishing that we could avail ourselves of an old-fashioned privilege, and give the exhibitor of these doubtful airs and graces a good spanking."

John Bigew and George Kinard were the men who murdered the negro family named Foster, near Vancleburg, Kentucky, on Saturday night week. They were surrendered to the United States Marshal, and will be tried in the United States Court, where negro testimony can be given against them. Foster, his wife and mother were killed outright, and the boy died of his wounds on Thursday. The only known cause for their murder is some quarrel the men had with the Foster family about a couple of lewd women.

A St. Louis dispatch the 5th says there is reliable information here that the State authorities have brought into and distributed throughout several counties, some eighty thousand stands of arms. Last night fifteen thousand stands were quietly brought into this city across the river in skiffs, and are now stored somewhere near the arsenal. These movements are quietly made in anticipation of an outbreak at the coming election. It is reported that the Democrats are making similar preparations.

The calico interest of the United States is an important one. The total product of the printed goods in 1820 was about 3,000,000 yards. In 1836, it reached 120,000,000. In 1855, there were twenty-seven print-works in the United States, which produced in the aggregate 350,000,000 yards per year. This amount, at an average of ten cents per yard, was worth $35,000,000. There are 6,000,000 cotton spindles now in operation in the United States, of which over 2,000,000 are running on cloths for printing, and produce $50,000,000 yards.

OUR WEEKLY.

Our mammoth Weekly is now ready. Persons desiring to inform their friends at a distance of the current events of the day, will find the WEEKLY APPEAL the largest and best newspaper in the Southwest. There is in this issue thirty-nine columns of reading matter, giving ample and complete details of every passing event, whether in this country or in Europe. Copies in wrappers, ready for mailing, may be had on application at our counting-room. Commission merchants should post their country friends and send them copies of the WEEKLY APPEAL.

LETTER OF COL. ROBERT JOHNSON.

In our issue of to-morrow will be found a letter from Col. ROBERT JOHNSON, of Arkansas, addressed to his neighbors and friends of Pine Bluff, and in answer to one from them, conveying their regrets upon his departure for Washington. Emanating from one who has for years occupied a prominent position in our sister State, this letter must command attention.

REFORMED SUFFRAGE--SOLUTION OF THE FRANCHISE QUESTION.

The experience of every day—the agitations and excitements growing out of the disorganization of the political and social elements of our body politic—the villainies of demagogues—the mob-violence almost reaching to revolution—all these and more bear evidence of the necessity for an entire reorganization of the elective franchise. The elective system is the very basis of Republican Government. What then must become of the Government itself, when the foundation upon which it is reared becomes weak, rotten and crumbling? It must certainly too become rotten and corrupt, or totter to its fall.

This is the identical state of facts that we now find passing beneath our observation. The elective system is demoralized and corrupted. The basest of our population—the white Radicals—have seized hold of the accidental possession of power, at the close of the late civil war, to play upon the prejudices of the ignorant class of negro voters who have suddenly been proclaimed capable of exercising every right of citizenship, and to degrade and de-citizenize the intelligent white citizens who oppose their schemes of ruin and plunder.

In this manner the elective franchise has come to be used by these selfish scoundrels as the mere instrument of faction, to perpetuate their power and to oppress their enemies. It is not used as was designed by our fathers, to subserve the public good, to insure good laws, to guarantee right and justice and to secure the blessings of liberty to the people and their posterity. Thus it so results that the ballot-box has become the source of the most enormous corruption and oppression, known in the world's history. Open, continual, incessant and fierce warfare of factions—the ballot being substituted for the bullet, but being none the less destructive and arbitrary in its use, is witnessed day after day, week after week, and month after month. No one dreams of having the wrong righted or justice executed or good order and safety secured by this monstrous tribunal. It is not the voice of the intelligent, virtuous, thinking people which speaks to us through such a system. It is the voice of hate, prejudice, selfishness, greed for power, and determination to rob and plunder, under the forms of law. The sanctions of law are weakened, and law itself comes to be regarded and feared as a monster of cruelty and crime. Can Republican Government survive such an ordeal, unless the system shall be changed? Every thinking man says, *No*. Revolution and anarchy must dissolve this despotism, unless there is a change.

The country is even now rife for these changes, and nothing restrains the kindling of the flame of revolution, by the ignition of a spark, but the well founded and firm conviction of the true and wise that such violence is not, and never will be the proper solution of this desperate problem. There is another remedy which strikes directly at the root of the evil, and which is practicable, by the exercise of wisdom, firmness and forbearance. This is the gradual reorganization of the elective franchise upon an entirely different basis from that now existing. It does not contemplate the deprivation of any person now exercising the franchise—and it proposes to restore the franchise to all who were entitled to it before the war—this system to remain in force during the present generation. But all who accede to the franchise hereafter, either by arriving at majority, or by immigration, will be required to possess moral and intellectual qualifications, which are to be ascertained by certain tests that may easily be applied and fairly adapted to every inhabitant of the country. For example, every voter shall be required to show that he regularly follows a lawful occupation; that he is a bona fide resident of the place where he offers his vote; that he has not been convicted of larceny or any infamous crime; that he can read and write the Constitution of the United States; that he proposes to give his allegiance to the Government while he remains under its protection, and that he has paid, at least, a poll tax to support the same.

The plan proposed will combine four advantages, that may contribute to reform the elective system, and finally restore it to pristine soundness:

1st. It will not challenge the opposition of any existing incumbent of the elective privilege, or of any one who is fairly entitled to the same.

2nd. It will be prospective solely in its operation, and will give a fair opportunity to minors, not entitled now to vote, to prepare themselves to exercise the privilege under the qualifications to be enforced.

3d. The reform will be gradual, but will commence its operation at once, that is to say, every person arriving at age the day after the adoption of the system, or any one immigrating into the State, will be obliged to exhibit qualifications such as are herein prescribed.

4th. It will altogether rid the State of the citizenship of worthless vagrants, criminals, plunderers, and ignorant persons of all classes, and will supplant the present system of allowing the dregs of society to control the Government, by obliging intelligence, virtue and worth to take the lead in society and in the State.

A peaceful solution of the great problem, now engaging the earnest attention of the people, may be had under this plan. After very earnest reflection, we have been able to see no other. War may only lead to stronger and more hopeless despotism than that which now enthrals us. All true statesmen must see the absolute necessity of meeting this difficult question promptly and calmly, but firmly and wisely. Let us resolve to do it at once, and, in doing it, to cast behind us all the prejudices of the past.

SOLD OUT.

SMITH has sold himself to NUNN for a consideration. The two wings of the Radical party of Shelby county, which BROWNLOW cursed so lustily for their dissensions, have at last joined hands. Henceforth, and especially during this canvass, they are to be a unit in all things. TOMENY and BEAUMONT have been considered in the latest bargain, and are to be rewarded by being continued in their respective offices—provided GRANT is elected. SMITH, the immortal SMITH, bondsman of the foresworn HAMILTON, is to be the dispenser of the Federal patronage of the Eighth District—if GRANT is elected.

The *Post* is to be merged in the *Bulletin*—the thief and the liar, as they entitle each other, (EATON and BEAUMONT), are to lie down together and peace is to reign where erstwhile was heard only the sounds of war. The United States patronage in advertising and the legal advertising of the State (ingenious device for robbing poor people) are to be given to the joint concern, the proprietors of which are thus to be saved the remnant of their capital, and be reimbursed for the heavy outlays they have made in the interest of the "Horse-talker."

There is joy in the Radical camp today. A little while ago and they were as RACHEL weeping, not because of the absence of the little ones, but for fear the spoils were about to pass from their hands. They are jubilant to-day, these Radicals of Memphis. They have buried the hatchet, they have embraced and solemnly pledged themselves to compel their niggers (black and white) to toe the mark. The poor creatures who night after night have marched in procession lustily bellowing the name of SMITH have been sold out—have been bartered away as so much "old cloe," cast-off garments, to be laid aside, put off or put on as interest may dictate. Like so many hogs they are taken to market, these niggers of SMITH, and sold to the highest bidder. NUNN is ambitious to strut another brief hour in the halls of Congress, and he forthwith buys SMITH'S niggers to enable him to do it. They are not to be consulted. BARBOUR LEWIS says they are but "the creatures of an hour," after a little to be driven from the State by the white emigrants of the scallawag stripe, which the said BARBOUR is to introduce. Niggers are nobodies, says BARBOUR. They are not to be consulted. They are to be ordered, driven, walloped as BARBOUR used to wallop the only unfortunate colored woman and child he owned before the war. Nigger's a nigger, says BARBOUR,—no matter what I may say in public, nigger is nigger.

We salute the future learned, dignified and VERY moral successor of Judge TRIGG—Mr. BARBOUR LEWIS.

We salute the future Postmaster, successor of the trembling incumbent—Mr. RUAL HOUGH.

We salute the future immaculate and not-to-be-bribed Collector of Internal Revenue—former Representative from Bolivar and present Senator from Memphis—SMITH, W. J.

We salute ye all, Radical bargain buyers, purchasers of votes, nigger drivers and scalawags. A more precious set of rascals never disgraced party by so scurvy a trick.

THE CANVASS IN THE COUNTRY.

DR. LEFTWICH addressed the Democratic Club at Bolivar on Friday night last, at which time it was determined to give there a barbecue, and have a monster mass meeting of the citizens of Hardeman and surrounding counties, on Saturday, September 19th. In addition to our candidate for Congress and Elector, Gov. NEIL S. BROWN, Hon. EDMUND COOPER, General QUARLES and Hon. JOHN F. HOUSE will be present. Hardeman county intends to vote the Democratic ticket as a unit. The numerous white and colored clubs are vieing with each other. A grand barbecue will also be given at New Castle on the 10th of October.

At Somerville, on Monday, addresses were made by Messrs. VAUGHAN and LEFTWICH to a large audience of citizens of Fayette county, and by special request from the colored people, Dr. LEFTWICH addressed them at night, at which time and throughout the day the best order prevailed and the most wrapt attention was displayed. Fayette county pledges to give a larger Democratic majority for LEFTWICH than it ever gave to any candidate.

The colored voters throughout the District are indignant that they are "sold" by SMITH to NUNN, in consideration of NUNN's influence in behalf of securing the Federal offices in this District to SMITH and his friends. They say that even under the old slave code they had the right of "choosing their masters" and will claim that privilege yet.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, September 8.—Cotton heavy and fully 1c lower sales 200 bales; uplands 27c. Rice quiet. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm 10½ a12c. Flour irregular and unsettled. Wheat quiet and declining. Corn quiet but firm at 1 17@1 23. Molasses quiet, Muscovado 40c.

Dry Goods—Standard brown sheetings 16@16½c; Columbia brown duck 30c; Amoskeag stripes 23½c for 3 by 2, and 34½c for 4 by 3; Warren red ticks 25c; Jewett City stripes, 3 by 3, 19c; Peppersell brown drills 18c; do brown jeans 46c; Hamilton awnings 27½c; Androscroggin bags 47½c; prints 11@14c.

Money is easy and in rather more demand; call loans 5@6; sterling quiet 9@9½c; gold 44¼@44½; old Tennessee 68; new 68½.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, September 8.—Cotton, demand good and prices lower; middlings 26c; sales 351 bales; receipts 2253. Sterling bank 56½@57c. New York sight par, ¼ premium. Gold 43¼. Sugar and Molasses nominal. Flour dull, superfine $7; choice $11@14. Corn, none on levee; sales from store $1 07@1 15; asking 1 17½ for prime yellow. Oats firm and unchanged. Bran unchanged. Hay $14@26. Bacon steady and firm, shoulders 16½@14c; clear sides 17½@18c; Pork steady $30 50. Lard quiet and firm; in tierces 20c; in keg 22½c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, September 8.—Flour and grain quiet and unchanged. Corn $1. Whisky 68c. Pork in bond. Pork $28 25. Lard 19½c. Bulk meats 11¼@11c. Bacon 15, 16@17c; hams 21@22c. Butter 33@37c. Eggs 17c. Flaxseed $2 40@2 50. Groceries steady.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, September 8.—Tobacco steady. Superfine Flour $6@6 50. Wheat $1 85@2 30. Corn firm 57@c. Pork $28. Bacon, shoulders 13@14c; clear sides 15½@17½c. Lard 18½@19c. Whisky $1 30.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, September 8.—Tobacco, sales of 95 hhds of leaf; logs $5 50@6 50; common to medium leaf $8@13 50; Davis county leaf $14@19. Flour, superfine $8 75@7. Wheat $2@2 05. Corn 90@94c. Oats 45@49. Rye $1 25@1 30. Mess Pork $28@29 50. Lard 18½@19c; sales 70 tierces. Bacon, shoulders 13½c; clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 17½c. Bulk shoulders 12½c; clear sides 16½c.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, September 8.—Cotton closed dull and unchanged.

LONDON, September 8.—Consols closed at 94 for money and 94½ on account. American securities quiet but steady at 72.

FRANKFORT, September 8.—U. S. 5-20s closed at 72½@72¾.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 8.—Hon. Jno. Trimble has been commissioned Judge of the Supreme Court.

Gen. Dunbar has been relieved of the command of this post.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

CONCORD, September 8.—Ex-President Pierce is dangerously ill in this city. He was taken sick on Friday last, and was more comfortable on Saturday morning, but in the afternoon and throughout the day yesterday and to-day was much worse.

DETROIT.

DETROIT, MICH., September 8.—Prof. Watson, of the Detroit Observatory, announces the discovery of another planet hitherto unknown. It shines like a star of the tenth magnitude, and at three o'clock this morning was situated as follows: Right ascension, 5° 18'; declination, 3° 40' south.

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, N. Y., September 8.—Hon. John T. Hoffman arrived here this afternoon to open the political campaign. At the Democratic ratification meeting to-night he responded to the calls of the crowd. He was met by crowds at every station on the Erie Railroad between New York and this city.

The Democrats of this district (16th) have nominated Isaac Overplouck for Congress.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 8.—Levi Hart, who was shockingly cut by roughs in a free fight last Sunday in his bar-room, will die. Two of the assailants have been held for trial.

A whole family in Elizabeth, New Jersey, were badly poisoned by eating beef yesterday. They will survive.

The bricklayers' committee report 1250 eight hour men, and 789 ten hour men at work; 250 of the Trades Union of this city will send delegates to the National Labor Congress.

PENNSYLVANIA.

READING, September 8.—The Berks county Democratic Convention to-day nominated Hon. J. Lawrence Getz for Congress.

PHILADELPHIA, September 8.—A frightful murder has just come to light. On Sunday evening last Mary Marvian, aged six years, who was residing with her parents in the northern part of the city, while sitting in front of her home with her mother, was accosted by a strange man, who asked the direction of a certain street. The mother sent the child to show him, as it was only a few steps off, and the little girl has not been seen or heard of since until to-day, when she was found in a brick pond, outraged and with an arm dislocated and several cuts on her body. There is no clue as yet to her murderer.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 8.—Brevet Brig. Gen. McFerran, Deputy Quartermaster General, in charge of department of Washington, has been ordered to make a special inspection of the department of the Cumberland. He will report what portion, if any, of the duties at present performed under direction of Lieut. Col. Ransom, can advantageously be transferred to the Quartermaster General's office here, and what steps are necessary to hasten the completion of the cemetries as rapidly as is consistent with the proper care and due regard for the honored remains resting there.

A number of tobacco dealers from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Richmond have been here requesting the establishment of a bonded tobacco warehouse in those cities. They will be established. The only question now pending is as to the number and location.

The Treasury Department to-day issued to the Commissioner of the Union Pacific Railroad Company 1280 $1000 bonds for the 26th and 27th sections of that road, which terminate at the 76th mile post, west from Omaha.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, GA, Sept. 8.—The Senate to-day passed the Homestead bill. It exempts personal property to the amount of $500 in gold. The Judiciary Committee reported in favor of removing the Capitol back to Milledgeville.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 8.—A. A. Bradley (colored), who was lately expelled from the Georgia Senate, held a Republican meeting last evening. He said that Cleft and others, carpet-baggers and Yankees, are not to be trusted, and advised the negroes not to trust the white people, especially the Yankees, who were the meanest of people. He doubted if even mulattoes could be trusted, as the white blood in their veins might gain the mastery. The recent action of the Georgia Legislature turning out the negroes would increase the majority for Grant. At first he thought the negro members would draw their revolvers and assert their rights in blood, and which would have benefited the Democrats. He was glad they had done otherwise. He was glad the coming election, which ever way it went, would cause bloodshed. The whole speech was of a rambling and contradictory character, many hearers being doubtful which side the speaker supported. He spoke nearly the whole evening. About four hundred persons were present. The meeting passed off quietly.

FOREIGN.

ANTWERP, September 8.—The ship P. H. Tucker, which left Liverpool for Boston, is on shore on Blackwater bank, off Ireland, the sea running high, and the crew still aboard.

PARIS, September 8.—A temporary depression in rentes was caused to-day by a rumor that the Emperor had made a warlike speech to the troops at Chalons, but the report was soon pronounced without foundation.

BRUSSELS, September 8.—The Duke of Brobent, heir apparent to the crown, is growing worse, and it is feared that he cannot live through the night.

MELBOURNE, August 16, via LONDON, September 8.—The Maori prisoners have escaped, and the natives of New Zealand have again arisen in insurrection. The extent of the rising is unknown. Troops are being hurried to the Island.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—The English yacht Olive has been laid up for the season, consequently her owner declines to enter her from Calais to Cherbourg and return with the American yacht Sapho.

Telegrams from Aiden, Arabia, state that the German vans who went there to make observations of the recent eclipse, were entirely successful, having taken six photographic views, four of which were perfect.

The *Times* says the policy of the United States towards the Indians is one of consideration and forbearance, but so costly as not much longer to be profitably pursued.

The boy Mackay, nineteen years of age, was hanged to-day at Newgate within the walls of the prison, for murdering his mistress. The only persons present were the officers of the law and a few members of the press. This is the first prisoner executed under the new law concerning capital punishment.

The strike of the cabmen continues and cause great inconvenience to the public. The press strongly denounces the action of the drivers, whose proceedings, however, have been orderly.

The *Times* to-day publishes a letter from Mr. Roebuck, member of Parliament, in which he justifies and re-affirms the language used by him in regard to the United States at the Suffield Cutler's dinner. The *Times* replies to Mr. Roebuck, and, in the course of its article, administers the following rebuke; "In a public reception given to the representative of the United States, when it was the object of all present to cultivate a feeling of good will, it was an injury to both countries for a man in Mr. Roebuck's position to use the language of vehement disparagement. We only hope that Mr. Johnson will not fail to notice that the insult has been repudiated by the English public opinion, with entire unanimity. He may form an idea, however, of the honor in which he is held in this country, by the prompt recoil from Mr. Roebuck's words, which he everywhere witnesses."

CANADA

HALIFAX, Sept. 8.—Blanchard, the Union member of Parliament has been unseated. The Election Committee reported his election illegal.

Attorney General Wilkins, in a letter to the Lieut.-Governor, asking him to explain his recent disloyal sentiments in Parliament, disclaims uttering any disloyal sentiments, and says he dreads annexation with the United States above all things, but believes that the confederation of the colonies tends that way.

OTTAWA, Sept. 8.—The trial of James Whelan, for the murder of Hon. T. D'Arcy McGee, commenced this morning before Chief Justice Richards. The court was densely crowded, and there was much excitement in the city. James O'Reilly, of the Queen's Court, appeared for the Crown, and Messrs. J. H. Cameron, Kenneth, McKenzie and McCameron for the defense, assisted by Mr. O'Farrell, the celebrated criminal lawyer of Quebec.

The prisoner appeared pale and nervous, but answered boldly to his name. After the jury had been sworn, Mr. O'Reilly opened the case and stated that the Crown expected to prove the murder was planned by a band of conspirators in Montreal, and that the prisoner was the instrument chosen to carry the crime into effect. He spoke at considerable length, detailing the facts of the case. The defense made no opening speech.

A large number of witnesses were examined for the Crown. The most important evidence given is that of Lacroix, who swore he saw him shoot McGhee. The other evidence was circumstantial, and differs in no material degree from that elicited at the inquest, but is very damaging to Whelan. It is said that the Crown will produce a woman who will swear that Whelan told her that he murdered McGee. The trial will occupy four or five days.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

WANTED—By a paying tenant, a small House with four rooms and kitchen, or small storeroom and three rooms attached. Give lowest terms and location. Address Tenant, Appeal office. sep9 3t.

Tenth Ward Colored Dem. Club.

WILL meet on Wednesday night, 9th inst., at the "Mississippi House," corner Main and South streets. Several speakers will be present. STEPHEN GRAYSON, se8 2t President.

Sixth Ward Democratic Club

WILL hold a meeting this Wednesday Evening, at 7½ o'clock. It is desired that each and every member should be present. Also all friends of the cause are especially invited. Hon. A. H. Douglass will address the meeting. All ladies are especially invited to attend the above meeting. sep9 1t

Tenth Ward Democratic Club.

THE members of the Tenth Ward Democratic Club are notified that there will be a meeting at the Mississippi House on FRIDAY NEXT, as there is business of importance that must be attended to. A general attendance is requested. There will be addresses by A. H. Douglas and Walter Coleman.

By order of the President. sep9

The 14th Civil District Democratic Club.

THE regular meeting of the Club will be held at Louis Hanewer's, on Kerr avenue, on Thursday Evening next. The members of the Club, and all those who sympathize with them in their efforts to restore the country to a constitutional basis, are earnestly invited to attend, as matters of importance will come before the Club. J. E. R. RAY, President.

Ledger copy. sep9 2t

Y. M. I. D. Club.

THE 5th regular weekly meeting of this Club will be held this Wednesday Evening at the Stillman Hall. As no able and distinguished speakers have been invited, it need not be expected that We will be regaled with any forcible and telling remarks upon the occasion. It is to be a strictly business meeting, the tedium of which can be relieved by the members paying their dues. Questions in regard to the demonstration on the 12th inst. will be determined, and measures adopted for more efficiently carrying out the programme.

sep9 1t R. M. MCKIE, R. S.

First Ward, Rally! Rally!

WEDNESDAY evening to the Enginehouse, No. 4, ye citizens of classic "Finch"! Let every member and citizen attend who has his own interest and that of the whole ward at heart. Business of great importance will be transacted—the Committee on Procession for the 12th inst., will bring in their report. Able and favorite orators have promised their attendance, and will address the "Old First" on the issues of the day. Let us have a rousing meeting. E. L. GOLDBAUM,

se8 2t Secretary.

Grand Festival

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

St. Peter's Charity School,

ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, the 10th, 11th and 12th inst., at St. Peter's School House on Washington street, near Third, the proceeds to be devoted to defraying the expenses of the school for the education of poor children.

Admission, 50 cents. sep9 1t

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers, Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 9 UNION STREET,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years, we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep 9 3m

JOSEPH M. O'SHEA,

SUCCESSOR TO J. D. SULLIVAN,

IMPORTER OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

No. 106 North Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, etc., repaired with neatness and dispatch.

Mr. C. D. SULLIVAN has charge of the Watch Department. sep9 3m

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAMS

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.,

Manufacturing and Jobbing Stationers,

201 North Main Street,

ST. LOUIS, - - - MISSOURI.

HAVING established ourselves as above, with largely increased facilities, we are prepared to execute all work in our line at greatly reduced prices, and in the very best style.

We are in receipt of a large and complete stock of Flat Cap, Letter, Legal Cap, Foolscap, Note and Fancy Papers, Plain and Fancy Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Inks and Stationers' articles generally, which we offer to the trade at New York prices, freight added, for cash.

Agents for sale "Sheldon's Magic Binder." sep9 1m C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.

W. J. JOHNSON,

—GENERAL—

Freight and Steamboat Agent,

sel 1f No. 7½ Madison Street.

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00

Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.

W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

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ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,

No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee.

tsl4 dthswlm

THE OLDEST DRY GOODS HOUSE IN MEMPHIS

We take this method to inform

OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC,

That we are now receiving and exposing for sale one of the largest Stocks of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

—IN THE—

Southern States,

Which we offer on as REASONABLE TERMS as any House in this or any other city.

OUR WHOLESALE STOCK

Is worthy the attention of ALL DEALERS throughout the Country, as each line comprises a full assortment, and will be sold as low as any house will sell them, South of Mason's and Dixon's Line.

OUR RETAIL STOCK

Is under the immediate supervision of one of the partners of the concern. Our facilities in the Eastern Market enable us to at all times have on hand the latest styles of all kinds of Goods in our line, including a large line of Silks, Dress Goods, Cloaks, Mantillas, Buttons, Dress Trimmings, etc., etc. We make no pretensions. All we ask is for you to TRY US, and judge for yourselves.

A. SEESSEL & SON,

sep6 6m 259 MAIN ST., OPP. COURT SQUARE.

CHURCH & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

SCHOOL & MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS

SCHOOL FURNITURE AND APPARATUS,

RULED AND FLAT PAPERS, PRINTING INKS, ETC.

Exclusive Agents for the unrivaled VIOLET COMMERCIAL WRITING FLUID; keep constantly a large variety of Initial PAPER and ENVELOPES; also, Prang's Chromo-Lithographs. Dealers supplied on liberal terms, with everything in the Book and Stationery line.

CHURCH & CO.,

sep6 1m **315 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.**

SOUTHERN WAGON FACTORY

JAMES & ROOSA,

Largest Stock of Home-Made Wagons in the City, at the Lowest Prices.

Dealers in Bar Iron, Axles, Springs, and all kinds of Wagon Maker's Material.

MANUFACTURERS OF FARM AND SPRING WAGONS,

sul 5m No. 92 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.

J. T. PETTIT, Late of J. T. Pettit & Co.

WM. SIMPSON. Late of Simpson, Sau . Co.

PETTIT & SIMPSON,

Cotton Factors & Commission Merch'ts,

No. 13 Union Street,

(Up Stairs,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders for Supplies, Bagging, Rope and Ties filled at lowest market rates. Instructions strictly obeyed. sep2 1m

MARTIN WALT & CO.,

(LATE R. P. WALT & CO.,)

Established 1852.

WHOLESALE GROCERY AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

All Kinds of Western Produce,

272 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Agents for the Old Established Line of Arkansas River Packets.

We are prepared to make Cash Advances, when required, on shipments of Western Produce for sale here, or on Cotton consigned to our correspondents in New Orleans sep1

REMOVAL.

200 Front Street. 200 Front Street.

On the first of September, I will remove to

200 Front Street.

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,

Rectifier, and Dealer in Liquors.

sep6 2m

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, PHAETONS

WAGONS AND

HARNESS.

R. O. BRADLEY.

377 Main Street, Jackson Block, Memphis, Tenn

mh15 tf

COTTON -- COMMISSION

J. W. COBBS, Late of Cobbs, Haynes, & Co.
S. M. ASHE, Late of Ashe, McLennan & Co.

J. W. COBBS & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

264 Front street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Liberal advances made on consignments in hand. All consignments insured, unless otherwise instructed. sep2 1w

C. C PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.

B. FRANK HARBERT,

Capt. J. F. CARUTHERS,

—WITH—

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 290 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sept 3m

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn.

H. E. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.

DASHIELL & HILLIARD,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. aug 3m

W. B. CHRISP. ALBERT F. DOD

W. B. CHRISP & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

274 Front Row, Memphis, Tenn.

Orders for Bagging and Rope filled promptly, at lowest market prices. All Cotton consigned to us by river, and all Cotton in store, covered by Insurance unless otherwise instructed. sul 1f

WM. M. GAY,

**Groc

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily, except Sunday	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	8:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
	4:15 p.m.	7.00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. au16

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:30 p.m.	12:40 p.m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 275 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	6:40 a.m.	3:40 p.m
Night Express	3:40 p.m.	9:15 a.m

(City Time.)
Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Hereafter individual bills of any Employee of this paper will not be allowed as an offset against accounts due us. And no bill will be paid unless contracted by our authority.

ANSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MUSQUITOES continue very troublesome and savage this summer.

THE WEATHER continues glorious for cotton—warm and dry.

A LARGE lot of Clothing, cheap, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

SCUPPERNONG GRAPES have made their appearance on the fruit stands.

WATERMELONS are at a discount in the market—going a begging at almost any price.

PREPARATIONS for the gala day at Central Park still continue. It will be a huge affair.

COL. A. H. DOUGLAS and Col. Walter Coleman addressed the Tenth ward Democracy on Friday evening.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE are working like beavers to raise funds for the grand parade. Moderate success is attending their exertions.

SOMETHING worth knowing is that carbolic acid, besides being a marvelous antiseptic, is death to all insects—bedbugs especially. Try it.

THE HEALTH of the city is generally good—there being no epidemic diseases whatever in our midst; chills and fever and bilious attacks being the most common.

REV. F. H. BOWMAN, from Virginia, will preach in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Poplar and Third streets, this (Wednesday) evening at 8 o'clock.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?—In Mobile there is a club of enthusiastic young Democrats who have taken to themselves the name of "Blair Guards." We would respectfully suggest to them to change it—it sounds too much like blackguards.

PRICES CURRENT.—The *Merchants' Exchange Prices Current* for this week contains much valuable information relative to last years' business. Merchants can have their orders filled by applying to Hite & Corwine, publishers, Jefferson street.

DUBOIS & AUGUR.—The attention of our readers is called to the card of this well known Cincinnati firm. They enjoy an extensive trade in our city and adjoining States, and will be found reliable and liberal gentlemen. We commend them to our friends everywhere.

STILL ALIVE.—Mr. Alexander, who was so infamously treated by the negro marauders on Sunday morning, is still alive, and hopes are entertained of his recovery. The negro who was stabbed on President's island, is also still alive, but in a very critical condition.

COL. FROLICH informs us that between the White and Black rivers, in White county, Ark., the bears are ruining the standing corn. One field alone had been ravaged by no less than five of the varmints. Jake suggests that *lead* hand extend their trip a little further when they next cross over to Arkansas.

ATTENTION CAVALRY!—Maj. Phil. T. Allen, having consented to take command of the mounted men in the procession on the 12th inst., all persons desiring to join in the same will report to Major Allen or Capt. Weaver at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Ticket Office. It is desired that all will report themselves by Thursday evening who are willing to unite in this feature of the procession.

A PRACTICE prevails in this city, which is unheard of in any other well-regulated town that we know of, that of building fires in the streets, on the Nicholson pavement. For what purpose this is done we do not know, but it should be stopped. The agitation of which the pavement is made is of the most inflammable description, and a fire might easily arise that would require considerable exertion to subdue, and damage the pavement seriously.

JOS. M. O'SHEA, Esq.—Before the war the jewelry house of J. D. Sullivan, of St. Louis, enjoyed a very large share of patronage throughout the South. It will be seen that the house still survives under the management of Mr. O'Shea, whom we know to be one of the most promising young business men of that city. Mr. C. D. Sullivan, one of the oldest jewelers of St. Louis, has entire control of the watch department.

CENTRAL PARK.—Messrs. O'Connor and McClure respectfully invite the honorable board of mayor and alderman, city, county and State officers, the officers and members of all and each of the benevolent societies of the city, all other societies, and the citizens generally, one and all, to the barbecue at the Central Park, on the 10th inst. Admission free. Every preparation for the comfort of the ladies has been attended to.

THE CONCERT.—The Theater was well filled last night on occasion of the concert for the benefit of Miss Nora Bradford, the well known and popular amateur. The programme for the occasion was such an one as Miss Bradford's culture and taste would suggest, and was well interpreted by those assisting. We have not the space to indulge in a criticism, were such necessary, and must content ourselves with the general commendation the singers and performers deserve. We congratulate Miss Bradford upon the result, and the friends who labored so assiduously in her behalf.

C. F. CHAMAERLIN & Co.—This firm, which late y removed from our city, have established themselves in St. Louis, where they are already doing an extensive business. No house in that city has a larger or more varied stock, and we are glad to learn that their old friends in Memphis do not forget them. Besides the senior of the house, Mr. Chamberlin, there will be found in the establishment Messrs. Geo. D. Plummer, A. J. Heath and J. M. Alexander, all Memphis gentlemen. See card in another column.

PASCHALL HOUSE.—At the request of Judge P. S. Lanham, manager of the Paschall House drawing, I have appointed the following named gentlemen, from Memphis, to assist in the drawing and distribution of prizes on the 8th day of October: H. S. King, 321 Second street; R. N. Blakemore, 212 Front street; W. H. Passmore, Second street. These gentlemen, all being old merchants, and well-known here and abroad, will add confidence to this already popular scheme. I have a fresh supply of tickets from headquarters, and will be pleased to see all who wish to get rich within the next thirty days. E. S. PLUMMER,
First Agent for Memphis, 212 Front street.
wfs

AN OLD FIRM.—One of the oldest and most substantial firms that we have in our midst, is that of Meacham & Treadwell. For fifteen years they have lived and done business here, and have earned and kept the respect of the whole business community. In our advertising columns will be found a card from them informing their friends and the public that they have completed their new mammoth warehouse, the Stonewall Block, No. 9 Union street, and that they are now receiving and storing therein one of the most complete and varied stocks of groceries ever brought to this market. Their stock of plantation supplies, barging, rope, etc., is particularly to be noticed, as being complete in all of its branches. In addition to, or rather connection with, their grocery business, they will carry on, as heretofore, a cotton factorage and commission business, to which Mr. Treadwell will give his undivided attention, Mr. Meacham attending to the wholesale grocery business. They solicit a visit from their friends.

BLOODY AFFAIR.

Negro Shot by a Policeman.

The Wrong Man "Picked up"

The neighborhood of Rayburn avenue, near the Church, is settled up very largely with negroes, and is a well-known resort of bad characters of both colors, white and black, but more especially the latter. One house in particular is noted as being an asylum of these desperadoes, and it was one of the first places indicated by its reputation to police and detectives, as the probable hiding place of the brutes who were engaged in the terrible outrage on Mr. Alexander. Indeed, one of them, Dock Woods by name, was known to make it his headquarters, and to capture him several police were employed to watch the house. About midnight on Monday, while Policemen Farrell and Elliott were keeping guard over the suspected house, a negro man was seen to approach the door very stealthily and attempt to gain admission by calling to a woman, who was one of the occupants, and asking to be let in. The woman asked him something—calling him by name, Grover, which, to the policemen, sounded like Dock Woods. As soon as they heard this, they felt confident that the man whom they were seeking, stood before them. Approaching as near as they could, they commanded him to surrender, but, without making any reply to their hail, the foolish creature turned and ran off.

The officers followed him as rapidly as they could, and gained on him rapidly, calling upon him as they ran, to stop. The fugitive, however, never halted until he found himself about to be overtaken, when he turned upon his pursuers and with his hand drawn back, made for officer Elliott, who was in advance of Farrel some yards. Elliott, who had drawn his pistol in the chase, waited until he came within two or three steps, and fired, the bullet taking effect in the left breast, passing through the heart, and killing him instantly.

A light was brought, and on examination revealed the fact that the victim was not the man that was sought for, but another well known negro named Henry Grover, who lived in the neighborhood. Officer Elliott came to town and reported himself to Col. Beaumont, and told him what he had done.

Yesterday morning about eight o'clock, Coroner Samuelson, having been notified, proceeded to the spot and held an inquest on the body. The jury, after hearing all the testimony in the case, returned a verdict exonerating officer Elliott, and in accordance with the facts as we have detailed them.

Later in the day, however, a warrant was issued by 'squire Griffith, for the re-arrest of Mr. Elliott. At one o'clock he was taken before the 'Squire, and on a patien investigation of the facts and evidence, nothing was developed but what we have reported, and he was honorably discharged.

BROWNLOW AND BLACKBURN.

Their Opinion of Memphis Judges and Memphis Courts.

Radical Rogues Turning State's Evidence.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
NASHVILLE, TENN., August 28, 1868.

Hon. John League, County Court Clerk:

I have received yours of the 25th inst. and the certificate of deposit. If a drayman, or anybody else, withstands the tax due by him or them and appeals to the courts, the asylum of the law breakers, I would not let it interfere with my efforts to collect from others, but would follow them up with all the means available.

The Governor has been advised of the condition of things in Memphis, but has, I presume, been driven to the same conclusion that I have—that appeals to law there, outside of your own endeavors, amount only to the payment of heavy lawyer's fees.

Attorney General Thorne wrote me early in this month that additional counsel was needed there to look after the interests of the State. Expecting to go there soon, I have neglected to write. **It is most humiliating to believe that there is no virtue extant, even in the courts, but I take that view of the case and think it wholly unnecessary to employ lawyers.** Yet, if I don't get off to Memphis soon, I shall write to Attorney General Thorne.

I know nothing better to say to you than to put things through to the letter of the law until the Judicial Marrelites stop you.

Truly yours,
G. W. BLACKBURN, Controller.

THE BOAT LAUNCH.

Owing to some misunderstanding, the new six oared rowboat, built for the DeSoto Boat Club, was shoved into the water a full half hour before the time announced in their notice, and consequently but few persons were on hand to witness the launch. The boat, which is forty-six feet long and thirty inches wide, was built in this city by Mr. Singleton expressly for the DeSoto Club, and reflects very high praise, as far as finish and the model goes, on the skill of the builder. The outriggers, however, are not near strong or substantial enough to do the work for which they are intended, four of them having been broken in the trial trip. The oars were also too heavy for the size of the boat, and too long, being fourteen feet in length, with a stroke of about ten feet. These defects, however, are easily remedied, and then, we have no doubt that the boat, under the sturdy arms of her gallant crew, will walk the waters like a thing of life. After the launch, the crews of all the boats forming the fleet of the Memph's Boat Club, were out on the river, in their respective crafts, *en grand gala*, and rowed up and down the stream a mile or so. A band of music had volunteered their services, and by the time that the boats had rowed up and down the stream quite a crowd of ladies and others had collected on the bank and bluff, and enjoyed the gay display amazingly. In the evening there was a reunion of all the clubs and their invited guests at Ferguson Hall, which was represented as a very pleasant affair, and much enjoyed by all participants. The new boat will be christened after her first race, which takes place next Monday.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SOUTHERN CULTIVATOR.—The September number of this admirable agricultural monthly is before us. As usual, the contents are full and complete. More and more worthy the patronage of the Southern planters and farmers, this sterling specialty in current literature should be found in every household in the country. William and W. L. Jones, of Athens, Ga., are the publishers and proprietors.

FREEMASONS' MONTHLY MAGAZINE. The September number of this magazine, published at Boston, by Chas. W. Moore, has reached us. Agliance through its pages reveals to us the fact that it in all respects maintains its credit among Masonic monthlies.

KIND WORDS.—This is the title of a neatly printed little weekly, handsomely illustrated, and published especially for the children of the Sunday Schools of the South. We urge upon our citizens, especially those of the Baptist faith, to patronize a paper that in its way is most creditable to the editor and publishers. Price only fifty cents a year. Subscriptions received at the Baptist Publishing House, Court Square, (south side).

PERSONAL.

G. H. Southland, Esq., of the Brownsville *Rep*, is in town and will remain for a few days, during which he will call upon our merchants, soliciting advertisements. We take pleasure in recommending the *Bee* and its clever editor to our friends.

We had the pleasure of meeting, yesterday, Jasper C. Griffin, Esq., cotton broker, who has just returned from a trip North. He reports having made very satisfactory business arrangements for the fall season, and looks in fine health and spirits.

We were gratified to see our friend, Mr. L. R. Patton, on the streets again yesterday. He has been absent in New York for sometime, but is now at home again, with Wells & Coll, No. 267 Main street.

F. M. Cash, Esq., returned to the city yesterday from Nashville, where he has been stopping for several days.

ST. PETER'S SCHOOL.—We are requested to announce that on Saturday night of this week there will be a festival held in St. Peter's school house, on Washington street, near Third. The proceeds thus earned, are to be applied toward paying the expenses of maintaining St. Peter's charitable school—an institution which is and has been doing much good in the community,—educating free, or at a very low rate, poor children of all denomination. We hope the community will respond liberally to the call thus made upon them.

Hats—the best in the city at Leidy & Co.'s, 269 Main street, opposite the square.

REDUCTION OF PRICES.—The White House, one of the oldest and most popular houses in the city, has determined to keep pace with the enterprise of its competitors, by reducing the price of drinks to fifteen cents, where the same quality of liquors which has so long sustained the reputation of this saloon will be dealt to its customers. Albert Gassman, a celebrated expert in concocting beverages, will be on hand to attend to his many friends. se6 1w

GENERAL FORREST.

What he Did Say to the Commercial's Correspondent.

The conversation between Gen. FORREST and the correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* was so completely hashed and misstated that the General, as announced some days since, was compelled to make corrections in order that he might in some degree save himself and his countrymen from the misrepresentations of the Radical press. He did so in the following note, addressed to the erring Bohemian:

I have just read your letter in the *Commercial*, giving a report of our conversation on Friday last. I do not think you would intentionally misrepresent me; but you have done so, and, I suppose, because you misunderstood my meaning. The portions of your letter to which I object are corrected in the following paragraphs:

I promised the Legislature my personal influence and aid in maintaining order and enforcing the laws.

I have never advised the people to resist any law, but to submit to all laws until they can be corrected by lawful legislation.

I said the militia would occasion no trouble, unless they violate the law, by carrying out the Governor's proclamation, which I believe to be unconstitutional, and, I believe, in violation of law, in shooting men down without trial, as recommended by that proclamation.

I said that it was reported, and I believed the report, that there are forty thousand Kuklux in Tennessee, and I believe the organization is stronger in other States.

I meant to imply when I said that Kuklux recognized the Federal Government, that they would obey all State laws. They recognize all laws and will obey them, so I have been informed, in protecting peaceable citizens from oppression from any quarter.

I did not say that any man's house was picketed.

I did not mean to convey the idea that I would raise any troops at all, and more than that no one could do it in five days, even if they were organized.

I said that Gen. Grant was at Holly Springs, and not at Corinth. I said that the charge against him was false. I did not use the word liar.

I cannot consent to remain silent in this matter, for if I do so, under an incorrect impression of my personal views, I might be looked upon as one desiring a conflict, when, in truth, I am so averse to anything of the kind that I will make any honorable sacrifice to avoid it.

Hoping that I may have this explanation placed before your readers, I remain,
Very respectfully,
[Signed] N. B. FORREST.

THE MEMPHIS AND SELMA RAILROAD.

What the Columbus and Aberdeen (Miss.) Papers Say About it.

Feeling of the People Along the Projected Line.

While Memphis seems to be completely quiescent and asleep—dead to her own interests in the great projects of a road which, if built, would connect us with the richest regions of Alabama and Mississippi, the people along the line of the projected road are keenly alive to its wonderful worth, and the advantages to accrue from its building, and are working like beavers for a consummation so devoutly to be wished for. Witness the following articles which we clip from the Columbus and Aberdeen papers.

The Aberdeen *Weekly Examiner*, of Saturday, 6th inst., says editorially:

The interest manifested in the construction of this great road, in counties of Alabama, along the proposed route, is intense. Yesterday, we were visited by Mr. B. F. Peters, of Fayette county, and Mr. N. F. Whitfield, of Tuscaloosa county, who, not being informed of the postponement of the Railroad Convention, which is holden at this city, came over as delegates from their respective counties. These gentlemen assure us that their people favor no half way measures; they are ready to adopt any scheme or plan that will build the road. They are ready to subscribe any designated portion of their lands, or they will mortgage every acre and subscribe the money. They inform us that their people are in prosperous circumstances—comparatively free from debt, unembarrassing money, and if they make the growing crop, which is considered almost certain, they will be in splendid financial condition. These gentlemen, as well as many other Alabama delegates, will be with us in November.

The Columbus *Index*, under the heading "*The Memphis and Selma Railroad*," in its last weekly edition says:

This projected line is now rapidly rising in importance and in the attention of those who feel an interest in expanding the wealth, and otherwise increasing the resources of the country. A convention of incorporators and others interested in the object was to have been held at Aberdeen early in the approaching month of September, but it has been deemed best and decided that the meeting shall not take place till Wednesday, the 18th of November next. This is as it should be. The attention of our people is now riveted not upon internal improvements, however important or great they may be, but upon the question of fate and country in the great Presidential contest which is now drawing near. Should Seymour and Blair be elected, as we believe they surely will in a most triumphant manner, the spirit of internal improvements will spring up with a vigorous life never before known, and work will go speedily on. Should it fail and Colfax be chosen the energies of the land will be completely paralyzed. In addition to this, it is difficult to secure a large attendance of delegates at a convention just now, when the people are actively engaged in producing and gathering in their harvests.

In November, however, our Presidential candidates will have been elected, the crops will have been gathered into barns, and the drooping spirit of our people will have been awakened into new life.

We look upon this projected enterprise as one of deep importance to the interior portion of the country, towns, villages and people that are to be connected by its iron arms. The road connecting Memphis with Selma, on the direct path has not been accurately determined, but must depend upon the interest displayed in, and the aid extended to it by those who reside in that portion of the country through which it penetrates.

The scheme propos d to secure its construction, which owes so much to Gen. Forrest, and our friend Maj. Sykes, appears to us a most feasible one—one to which a hearty response should be returned. It is proposed that the proprietors of land situated within six miles upon each side of the line, shall give to the road one half of their lands, and receive in return from the Wells Colls Company money, then, we understand, offers to purchase the land at full value, and to settle it up with emigrants of industrious and reliable character. Thus a section of country with a diameter of twelve miles, along the whole line of the road, will be settled with a vigorous white population, which will rapidly develop the agricultural and other resources, and add greatly to the white suffrage of the country. If Columbus does not respond liberally to the plan, the road may pass miles away from her: for our sister city of Aberdeen, is we understand, bidding high for the line.

Tuscaloosa is interested in the situation of the road, as she can secure on a branch of it, and thus unite, bridge the vast resources that, in inexhaustible abundance, her universal storehouses which are anxiously waiting to hear the command, "Open, Sesame!"

We understand that Tuscaloosa intended to be ably represented in the meeting in September, and she will no doubt send her delegates to the November convention.

We have written this brief article in a rapid manner, and without a full knowledge of all the facts upon the subject; but we think what we have said will be found correct. Any way, we learn that the gentlemen already mentioned, and others of well-known influence, will soon make a thorough canvass of the whole country along the projected paths of the road. We urge giving to them a hearty response in attention and kind.

The pre-ent condition of Selma, Tuscaloosa and other points will doubtless urge this subject upon popular attention.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.—To show our readers that the managers of the Paschall House Association are doing everything in their power to have the public convinced that the distribution of the valuable property which is to be made at St. Louis, Oct. 8th, will be fairly conducted, we subjoin the following correspondence from the columns of the Louisville *Courier* of September 4th. Certificates to be had in Memphis at George Pattison & Co's bookstore, 317½ Main street:

PASCHALL HOUSE DRAWING,
LOUISVILLE, Sept. 3, 1868.

Cols. W. N. Haldeman and W. C. D. Whipps:

Gentlemen: I am authorized this morning, by letter from Judge Philip S. Lanham, manager of the Paschal House Association, of St. Louis, Mo., to invite two prominent citizens of Louisville to visit that city on the 8th of October next, for the purpose of acting on the Committee of Drawing, with some of the citizens of St. Louis. Judge Lanham has done this in order to assure the large number of certificateholders throughout Kentucky and Middle Tennessee that the distribution of the valuable property thus to be disposed of shall be under the supervision of gentlemen whom they know and can trust, and whose word for its fairness will not be questioned. Knowing the high position which you hold in the esteem of the people of Louisville, as well as of the state, I most earnestly desire your consent to be present and act with the Committee of Drawing into whose hands the entire matter will be placed.

Sincerely yours, W. H. RHEA.

COURIER OFFICE, September 3, 1868.

Capt. W. H. Rhea:

Your note has been received. Say to Judge Lanham that I will comply with his desire.

Yours, etc.,
W. N. HALDEMAN, *Ed. Courier.*

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Respectfully,
W. C. D. WHIPPS, Willard Hotel.

For a genuine Beaver Hat go to Leidy & Co.'s, opposite the square, No. 269 Main street.

NEW Fall Styles Silk, Cassimere and Soft Felt Hats, at Wheaton & Co.'s, Hatters and Furriers, 199 Main street. se6 1w

LARGE lot of Clothing, cheap, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

If you want a good Hat go to Leidy & Co.'s.

THE COURTS.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter Judge.* The business transacted on yesterday was as follows:

In the case of the State vs. Andrew Nabors, larceny, the defendant was admitted to bail in the sum of $800.

In the case of the State vs Sam Moody, murder, counsel of defendant filed a bill of exceptions, and an order was entered holding up the execution of the sentence of death until the decision of the Supreme Court.

In the case of the State vs. Joseph Bell, Moses Hopkins and Nelson Cole, larceny, the defendants were admitted to bail in the sum of $1000 each.

In the habeas corpus case of the State vs Mary Webb, the defendant was discharged from custody, it appearing that the charge against her was for concealing her husband, who was charged with crime.

Judge Hunter issued a bench warrant against Esquire James Hall and bound him over in the sum of $30 to keep the peace towards the citizens of the State for six months.

The habeas corpus case of the State vs. Esquire James Hall, who was committed to jail by Judge Hunter for non-payment of a fine, will be heard before Judge Lee to-day.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

485 McDonough vs McLean.
636 Laurenzi vs Galiaeno.
637 Saxend vs Ackerman.
720 Bateman vs Bensdoff.
734 Staten vs Frame.
764 Lemon vs Finnie.
831 Allen vs Taylor.
913 Burdett vs Taylor, McBain et al.
1391 Graham & Co vs Bleieck & Co.
917 Beardsley & Bro vs Fay & Bro.
920 Allen vs Taylor.
939 Westbrook adm'r vs Edgington adm'r.
949 De-oto Bank vs Citizens Union Bank.
956 Galbreath, Stewart & Co vs Loeb et al.
975 Frayser et al vs Frankland.
976 Carey vs Briggs et al.
977 Strauss et al vs Ireland.
978 Briggs et al vs Irwin.
979 Gropel vs Hauner.
980 Walker Bros & Co vs Brown et al.
981 " " "
982 Lanoni et al vs Cuneo.
983 Rush vs Shelton sur part.
984 Shelton vs Shelton.
985 Tenn S M F Ins Co vs McMahon.
986 Same vs Miller.
987 Same vs Kelley.
988 Same vs Fitzgibbon.
989 Same vs Mahoney.
990 Same vs Ryan.
991 Same vs Hubbard et al.
992 Same vs Carpent r.
993 Scoufield et al vs Carver.
994 Same vs Moore.
995 Siddle & Co vs Rose.
996 Citizens Union Bank vs Larkin.
997 Schonhover vs Doherty.
998 Union Bank of Tenn vs Brinkley et al.
999 Folwell vs McRae et al.
1000 Briggs et al vs Frayser et al.
1001 Same vs Finney.
1002 Wood et al vs Tenn S M F Ins Co.
1003 Duncan vs Valentine Ex,r.
1004 Briggs et al vs Hanna et al.
1006 Griffin & Co vs Eddins et al.
1007 Hatch vs Waggener et al.
1008 Galbreath, Stewart & Co vs McNutt & Co.
1009 Cochran & Co vs Kraus & Co.
1010 Otis & Co vs Newton et al.
1011 Strauss vs Vache.

On yesterday the cases set for trial were disposed of generally by continuance. A few judgments were taken.

Gent's Dress Hats, the best in the city, at Leidy's, opposite the square, No. 269.

LARGE lot of Hats, from bankrupt sales, at $1 25 apiece, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

TEN THOUSAND Jocunda Strawberry plants for sale! Inquire of J. S. Galloway, Madame Vincent's Block. 1w

FRUIT.—We will buy all the fresh peaches, quinces, dried peaches and dried apples in the surrounding country, and pay the growers a fair price for the same.
MEMPHIS PRESERVING COMPANY,
1w Under the Gayoso House.

Our fall styles of Hats, in quality and styles, are unequalled. Leidy & Co., 269 Main street, opposite the square.

COURT STREET SCHOOLS, southwest corner Court and Third streets, will open on Monday, Sept. 14. The principals may be addressed at their respective residence.

JENNIE M. HIGBEE,
117 Court street.
JULIETTE R. CAIRNS,
sep6-3teod 125 Alabama street.

JUST received, a large lot of Hats from bankrupt sales, at $1 25 apiece, at Rice & Engel's, 233 Main street.

CONFECTIONERIES.—Go to August Berton, corner of Poplar and Fourth streets, for good cakes, candies, and a No. 1 assortment of crackers for family use. se6-1w

We keep the best and latest styles. Leidy & Co., Hatters, 269 Main street, opposite the square.

PEACHES! PEACHES!—Ten thousand bushe's peaches wanted by the Memphis Preserving Company, under the Gayoso House. 1w

WELL BORING.

WATER! WATER!

WELL BORING.

HAVING purchased the right for Tennessee, of Heath & Co's Patent Well Borer, we offer for sale a few County Rights, and also to bore wells on the shortest notice. This invention is pronounced by all practical men who have seen it, and those who have used it as unrivalled for the purpose designed. The Well is bored in little space—is safe from any nuisance and accident; so neat and durable, that it may be located anywhere desired. We are prepared to show persons Wells in operation. For the proprietors of land situated within six miles upon each side of the line, shall give to the road one half of their lands, and receive in return from the Wells Coll Company money, then, we understand, offers to purchase the land at full value, and to settle it up with emigrants of industrious and reliable character. Thus a section of country with a diameter of twelve miles, along the whole line of the road, will be settled with a vigorous white population, which will rapidly develop the agricultural and other resources, and add greatly to the white suffrage of the country. If Columbus does not respond liberally to the plan, the road may pass miles away from her: for our sister city of Aberdeen, is we understand, bidding high for the line.

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CHINA WARE.

S. S. LLOYD. E. E. CLARKE. C. B. CLARKE.

"CHINA PALACE"
—OF—
LLOYD, CLARKE & CO.,
IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Queensware, China and Glassware
Table Cutlery, Tea & Table Spoons,
And House Furnishing Goods, etc.,
321 MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.
ma31

RAILROAD.

Election for Directors of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company.

THE Stockholders in the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company are notified that the annual election for Nine Directors of said Company will be held at the offices of the Company in Memphis, Tennessee, and Huntsville, Alabama, on

Wednesday, September 16, 1868,

Stockholders will be passed free for one day before and until one day after said election, upon exhibiting their certificates of stock to the conductor.

By order of the Board.
GEO. ROSERTSON,
an21 td Secretary and Treasurer.

LUMBER, ETC.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.
TAYLOR & FAULKNER,
AVENUE
PLANING AND FLOORING MILLS,
Nos. 451, 453, 455 & 457
Freeman Street, Cincinnati, Ohio,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Door, Blinds, Frames,
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE
PIVOT BLINDS & PANEL SHUTTERS
Store Doors, Store Fronts,
Mouldings of Every Description,
VERANDAS
Cornices, Flooring, Etc., Etc.
mh12 6m

F. J. ATTWOOD. W. F. ANDERSON.

Notice of Removal.

ATTWOOD & ANDERSON, Cotton Factors, General Produce and Commission Merchants, have removed their business to No. 350 Main street, between Union and Gayoso streets. Memphis, September 1, 1868. sep6 1m

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, September 8.—The river is stationary, with 4 feet 2 inches in the canal. The weather is clear and warm.

MEMPHIS, September 9.—Yesterday was a hot clear day—such an one as will make cotton bolls unfold themselves rapidly, and a few more such days will whiten our fields and make them luxurious in their snow-white mantles. Providence has again smiled upon us and made the heart of the planter glad with hope of plenty. The river at this point is falling slowly. The last of the swell has now reached below Osceola, and will run out here by to-morrow, when we may expect a rapid decline. There is 7½ feet to Cairo, and 5½ from there to St. Louis. We have no change to report in the Arkansas or White rivers. News from the Ohio will be found in our dispatches above.

Arrivals.

Steamer Ruth, St. Louis,
" Laura, St. Louis.
" Emma No. 3, New Orleans.

Departures.

Steamer H. M. Shreve, Vicksburg.
" M. Forsyth, St. Louis.
" Des Arc, White river.
" Commercial, White river.
" M. Famuleton, St. Francis river.
" Ruth, New Orleans.

In Port.

Steamers Laura, Emma No. 3.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Ellis Harris, who is well known here, has entered the press gang, as editor and proprietor of a Democratic paper at St. Genevieve. Ellis was a competent clerk, and will make a live paper.

Capt. Muhleman has purchased the Major Anderson for the Cincinnati and Wheeling trade. He paid $20,000.

Owen Cates will come out as clerk of the Olive Branch.

The Agnes went on the docks at St. Louis yesterday. She will have cotton guards put on and will enter the New Orleans and St. Francis river trade, under the command of Capt. J. E. Streeper. This is a new trade, and will take a large amount of the cotton of that region away from Memphis.

The Importer, Capt. John A. Williams, the Peter Baten, Fannie Scott, Lilley and David Watts enter the Arkansas river and New Orleans trade this season.

The Sully, Capt. Henry Switzer, will enter the Ouachita trade as soon as the water will permit.

Capt. Jim Duffer will enter the White river and New Orleans trade in a few weeks with the Octavia.

The local packets went out with good trips yesterday. The competition in the White river trade has cause t a cutting down in rates. Passengers were taken to Little Rock, we believe, at less as $5 and $8—but little over the railroad fare.

The *uniform* wharfage system went into effect in this city a few days ago. We have not space to-day to express our opinion of this outrageous and short-sighted policy, which, if pursued, will make Memphis a desert and a wilderness. This uniform system, as it is called, exacts eight cents per ton from all boats touching at our wharf. The Mollie Able, which passed down a day or two ago and merely coaled at this place, was required to pay about 100 wharfage. If that is not robbing, then we do not know the meaning of the term.

John Rowland, formerly of the St. Louis Packet Company, but recently of Hickman, Ky., passed through our city yesterday, on his way to New Orleans, where he will buy a boat for the Red river trade.

Steve Wilkins and Jo Banfil were in Cincinnati on Monday.

W. McClure, an engineer in the Kentucky river trade, fell overboard in that river a few days ago and was drowned.

The Ruth and Lady Gay. It is said, will form a line from Cairo to New Orleans.

The Belle St. Louis will run from Cairo to this port during low water.

Grain is coming down the river from Dubuque in large quantities.

The Norman is on the docks at Louisville.

Lew Shallcross, Inspector of hulls at Louisville, has resigned. He has not made a good thing since he scratched the John D. Perry. T. S. Nadal has been appointed Inspector.

The steamboatmen's club, of St. Louis, had an immense turnout last night. It was one of the grandest sights ever beheld in that city. "The crew of the Constitution" were out in number, and Randall and Sam Beitzhoover were in their glory.

A very heavy rain fell on Sunday night between Carlo and St. Louis.

The Marble City, Capt. Conway, leaves on Thursday for Carlo and St. Louis.

The Emma No. 3 will pass up for Cincinnati at noon to-day. She will take all freight that offers.

The good steamer Laura leaves to-day for Pocahontas and all way landings on White river, and its tributaries. Capt. W. J. Johnson is master of the Laura.

The Argonaut Capt. Lusk will leave for Cincinnati this day at 5 p. m.

Capt. Gregg's Champion will be in port to-morrow morning, and leaves for Cincinnati in the evening.

The great Magenta, Capt. Hicks, will be here to leave for New Orleans to-morrow week. She is one of the most elegant and spacious packets on the river. The Mississippi, Capt. Nat Green will follow, and is unequaled as a freight and passenger packet. Capt. Nat has spread himself on his packet and has made her a beauty.

The Cincinnati and Louisville United States Mail Company, at a meeting held on the 1st inst., elected the following officers: Capt. C. G. Pearce, formerly Superintendent, President of the Company, with Cincinnati as the headquarters; Capt. Frank Carter, master of the steamer Gen. Lytle, Superintendent of the Line, with Louisville as his headquarters.

Col. Ed. Fontaine left New Orleans on Tuesday as the agent of the United States Navigation Improvement Company. The company has been organized in New Orleans for removing of bars and other impediments to navigation in rivers and harbors, particularly in the south, through the agency of Maniels's patented caissons, and of so controlling currents as to prevent

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, September 8, 1868.

There is much the same feeling existing in our general markets as prevailed yesterday. The St. Louis packet came in with a light freight, and the quiet which reigns was only broken by the filling of orders which came in by the White and St. Francis river packets. Prices are well maintained in all things, and are likely to remain about as they are for another month. The coming hog crop has, as yet, not been estimated with any degree of accuracy, but the impression prevails that the crop will be large, while the Southern demand will not be as great as usual and prices will necessarily weaken. This decline would have been felt ere this, were it not that the disease prevailing among Northern cattle has created a demand for pork not usual at this season. The flour market is very quiet here, and prices are as yet unsettled. Receipts are light from above, the demand being mostly supplied by our local mills, at less rates than the mills of St. Louis, or in fact any others, can afford to sell at.

Money matters remain in about the same condition as at our last. The demand for money, though not by any means urgent, is very fair, and so far as we can learn, our banks are meeting all legitimate business calls liberally. Rates are irregular. Our discount bonses taking at 6 per cent. to 9 per cent. per annum on short bills, while on the street 1@2 per cent. per month are common rates.

Exchange is in active demand. We quote Eastern buying at par and selling at ½ premium, with occasional purchases at ½ premium. Western drafts are generally sold at ½ premium on St. Louis, Louisville and Cincinnati.

Gold opened and closed to-day in New York at 140¾. In this market transactions were too light to merit notice. A few small lots were taken at 140@142¾ for adjustment. There is no counter demand from outsiders but orders conid be filled at 143@144c.

The New York Stock Board quotations were at noon to-day as follows: Old Tennessee bonds, 67¼; new, 66½; 5-20s, coupons of '81, 113¼; '74, 105¾; '64, 97½; '65, 113½; new issue, 85¼; '67, 105¾; '68, 106⅞; 10-40s, coupons, 104⅞. Bonds dull.

The local stock market is quiet. Among the sales were $900, Memphis and Ohio railroad, 10 shares, at 30½; $8 00 city bonds 55c. There is no especial demand for any kind of securities, while the offerings of city bonds are very light indeed.

City Scrip is quiet. Brokers offer all the way from 70@75c for desirable lots, but we could learn of no sales. Holding at 76@78c by dealers.

County Warrants are in some demand at 53@55c. Selling at 56@58c.

Police Scrip is firm at 77@78c buying. Selling at 80c.

It will be seen by the following that the hide business of Chicago has been increasing rapidly within the past sixteen years. The hide trade of Memphis should be an important one, and would be so if our planters were to pay sufficient attention to the preservation of the article. The table which we append shows the rapid increase of receipts and shipments in Chicago for the time before mentioned:

Year.		Received.	Forwarded.
1852,	No	25,893	47,925
1853,	No	25,486	59,144
1854,	No	28,606	44,166
1856,	No	31,149	60,113
1856,	No	70,940	157,841
1857,	No	171,770	172,164
1858,	lbs	11,046,997	8,660,822
1859,	lbs	12,685,446	16,413,320
1860,	lbs	11,253,918	14,963,514
1861,	lbs	9,962,720	12,277,518
18-2,	lbs	12,747,723	13,351,359
1863,	lbs	17,957,728	23,781,979
1864-5,	lbs	30,092,225	27,816,923
1865-6,	lbs	19,285,178	20,279,955
1866-7,	lbs	2,1,25,541	25,214,691
1867-8,	lbs	23,5-2,086	27,749,699

The statistics of the sugar crop of Cuba are not without interest to the general reader. During the first seven months of this year i. e. from January 1st to July 31st, the exportation of sugar from the eight ports of Havana, Matanzas, Cardenas, Cienfuegos, Trinidad, Sagua, Calbarien, and Nuevitas (Sadtiago being left out for want of returns)—amounted to 1,446,700 boxes and 455,300 hogsheads. That of molasses was 393,500 hogsheads. Last year, for the same period, the sugar exportation was 1,125,7000 boxes and 345,900 hogsheads, and of molasses 258,200 hogsheads. Consequently there has been an increase in favor of 1868 of 321,000 boxes and 111,300 hogsheads, and 135,100 hogsheads molasses, equivalent, all together, to an augmentation or about 35 per cent. over the exports of 1867. Reducing the hogsheads of sugar to boxes (three of the latter for one of the former), we have 1,365,900, which, added to the 1,446,700 already mentioned, gives a grand total of 2,812,600 boxes of sugar exported in seven months. Valuing each box at $20 average, we have $56,252,000. The 393,300 hogsheads molasses may be appraised at $45, which makes $8,719,200. Total value, sugar and molasses $34,971,200! With the figures before us we can reasonably conclude that on July 31st there remained on the island 560,000 boxes and 50,000 hogsheads of sugar. No one at all acquainted with the subject will find these figures high; they are on the contrary, low estimates. Now as to the stock to the quantity already gone, adding we have a total production, molasses forward, of 1,846,700 boxes and 500,300 hogsheads excepted, sugar exportation of Cuba for [illegible] stocks at the hogsheads to boxes we [illegible]8. Reducing of 3,462,900 boxes, at $40 [illegible] obtain a grand total [illegible] per box—$138,252,000.

The statement of [illegible] ember 7—The following is [illegible] States on the [illegible] the public debt of the United [illegible] rst of September, 1868:

Five [illegible] BEARING COIN INTEREST.	
[illegible] per cent, bonds	$2 1,583,400
[illegible] per cent. bonds of 1881	283,077,950
Six per cent. 5 20 bonds	1,591,226,550
Total	$2,096,491,750
DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.	
Three year compound interest notes	$10,595,410
Certificates at 3 per cent	642 5,000
Navy pension fund at 3 per cent	13,000,000
Total	$85,800,410
MATURED DEBT NOT PRESENTED FOR PAYMENT.	
Three year 7-30 notes, due August 15, 1867, June and July 15, 1868	$4,650,000
Compound int. notes matured June 10, July 15, August 15, October 15, and December 15, 1867, and May 15 and August 1, 1868	5,03-,490
Bond taxes and indemnity	256 000
Treasury notes under the acts of July 17, 1861, and prior thereto	154,111
Bonds of April 15, 1842, and January 28, 1847, and March 31, 1849	1,258,200
Treasury notes of March 3, 1863	255,492
Temporary loan	714,9-0
Certificates of indebtedness	13,000
Total	$12,665,213
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.	
United States notes	$356,021,073
Fractional currency	3,802,218
Gold certificates of deposit	25,161,620
Total	$412,984,911
Grand total	$2,607,492,285
Six per cent. lawful money bonds issued to Pacific Railroad Companies	35,214,000
Total debt	$2,643,256,281
AMOUNT IN TREASURY.	
Coin	$82,520 901 21
Currency	15,071,070 70
Total	$107,541,972
Amount of debt less cash in Treasury	$2,535,614,313

The foregoing is a correct statement of the public debt, as it appears from the books and Treasurer's returns in the Department, on the 1st of September, 1868.

(Signed) H. McCULLOUGH, Secretary of the Treasury.

The warrants issued by the Department during August, to meet the requirements of the Government, amounted in round numbers to the following:

Civil, Miscellaneous and foreign intercourse, including the Alaska purchase	$13,000,000
Interest on public debt	4,380,0 0
War Department	18,000,000
Navy Department	1,800,000
Interior, Pension and Indian Departments	6,5-0,000
Total	$37,730,000

The warrants issued for the redemption of the public debt do not appear in the above.

Cotton was steady at the opening to-day in Liverpool, with Uplands, 10⅜d; Orleans, 11d and at noon was dull, with Uplands, 10¾d; Orleans, 10¾d; closing dull and unchanged, with sales of 8000 bales.

In New York at the opening cotton was dull and nominal, and at noon was weak; Uplands, 29c. Prices declined as the day advanced, and at 2 p.m. the demand was moderate; Low Middlings, 26½c; Middlings, 28½c; Orleans, 29½c; Good Middlings, 31¾c. At the close there was no change.

We did not learn of any transactions in this market, though we heard that an order or two has been received. Until, however, the receipts become larger we may look for no sales worthy of mention. An occasional bale changes hands at about New York rates, or so near it that the cost of shipment will more than cover the difference in price, and if our cotton buyers continue as they have begun, this will be a better cotton market than even that of New York.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, September 8, 1868.		
Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	22	
Received previously	33	55
		—
		102
Exported to-day	29	
Exported previously	17	46
		—
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		56

APPLES—There is some demand for shipment at $2@2 50 per bbl in bulk, but dried fruits are preferred.

BEAN—Stock fair. Sales of 75 sacks on levee at $2@2 74 in store.

BUTTER—Choice is in demand at 32@35c; common dull and irregular.

BACON—The market is quiet. Sales of regular city packed clear sides were reported at 17½c on levee and 17¾c from store. Held at 18c in a jobbing way. Shoulders firm at 13¾@14c.

HAGGING—There is a fair demand. We quote Todd's, 18c; Heavy Kentucky, 20¾@20c; India, 26@27c.

CHEESE—Market dull and nominal. Factory, 16¾@17¾c.

COFFEE—Stock fair and prices steady. Rio, 19@27c; Java, 30@33.

CORN—Receipts light. Sales of 106 sacks mixed on levee at 82½c; 26 sacks white, at 86c. Held in store at 90c.

CHICKENS—Demand fair. Old, $5; young, $4@4 25.

EGGS—Stock light with fair demand at 22c for fresh, in small packages.

FRUIT—Dried apples in demand at 5@7c; Dried peaches, 8@9c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@7; X, $8@9 50; XX, $10@11; XXX and fancy family, $11 50@13.

HAY—Quiet at $18@22 per ton.

HAMS—Plain country, nominal, plain canvassed, 17@18c; sugar-cured canvassed, 20@21c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salt, 17@18c; green salt, 10@11c; green, 8@9c.

LARD—Prices unchanged. Kegs, 20@21c; tierces, 18@20c.

LIME—Eureka, $2 25; Alabama, Cape and St. Louis, $1 75@2.

MOLASSES—Fair stock. Sugarhouse, 65@$1; Porto Rico, 65@85c; Syrups, 75@$1 25.

MESS PORK—Regular brands, $30; prime mess, $27 50@28; rump, $25 50@26.

OATS—The receipts were light. Sales on levee at 63@65c; 52½c for 120 sacks was refused. Held at store at 68@70c.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Fair demand at $3@3 50 per barrel from wagons.

POTATOES—There is some shipping demand at $2@3 per barrel in bulk. Sweet potatoes, $2@2 50 per bushel.

SHEEP—A few No. 1 received on the Forsyth. Held at $6 20@7; choice Kentucky, $5@6; Tennessee, $2 50@4 as to quality.

SUGAR—The stock on hand is fair. We quote prime to choice Louisiana, 16@16c; common to fair, 13@15c; Island, 12½@15c.

SALT—Stock light. We quote prices tending upward—held at $3 50@3 75 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $4 25@4 50; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3 25@3 3a.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5 75@6.

TOBACCO—200 pounds leaf refuses sold to-day at 8c. Medium admitted is worth 18c.

WHEAT—Active demand from city millers; No. 1, $2@2 05; No. 2, $1 85@1 90; inferior, $1 40@1 60.

WHISKY—Market firm with improved demand. Rigb wines, $1 15@1 25 free; common whisky, $1@1 25; Imitation Bourbon, $1 8@1 50; Bourbon, $1 80@3.

BANKS AND BANKING

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH,
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS, President.
C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President.

sep1 tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

D. H. EVANS.
Importer and Wholesale Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
284 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.
ma15 tf

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.

Importers of and Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,
No. 244 Front Street,
(UNDER THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,)
MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Rhine Wine mh20

Depot of the Celebrated
"Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,
—AT—
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn
jy4 3m

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my8

To Arrive:
19 barrels Alcohol.

In Store:
25 bbls. Copper Distilled Whisky
100 bbls. Rectified Whisky.

In Bond:
77 barrels Rectified Whisky.
60 barrels High Wines.

All of which we offer for sale low for Cash or Approved Paper.
SMITH & LEECH,
aul3 3m 342 Second Street.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm style of ALBERT PIKE & CO. is this day dissolved. Messrs. AINSLIE, KEATING & CO. succeeding to the business, as Publishers and Proprietors of the Daily and Weekly APPEAL, are authorized to collect all outstanding accounts due the late firm, and settle all their liabilities. ALBERT PIKE,

August 28, 1868. [sel 1w] J. S. C. HOGAN.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE Law firm of Haynes, Stockton & Hart, has this day expired by limitation. They will occupy their old offices at No. 42 Madison street—R. Newton Hart the front, and Haynes & Stockton the rear office.

R. NEWTON HART,
HAYNES & STOCKTON.
Memphis, August 31, 1868. sep1 2w

Dissolution of Copartnership.

MEMPHIS, September 1, 1868.

THE copartnership of Webb, Mitchell & Co. is this day dissolved by limitation of articles of agreement. All persons indebted to the firm, or having business with the same, will find our junior partner, L. T. Webb, with the books, at Price & Treadwell's, No. 15, Union street, Lee Block. Either partner is authorized to use the firm name in settlement.

W. H. WEBB,
J. S. MITCHELL,
L. T. WEBB
sep2 1m

Dissolution.

THE Firm of W. N. Eakin & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th August, 1868. Either party is authorized to settle the business of the old firm.

All persons indebted to the firm of W. N. Eakin & Co. are requested to come forward and settle without delay. The books and papers will be found at the Underwriters' Warehouse, corner of Market and Fromenade streets.

W. N. EAKIN,
A. CONNELL.
Memphis, September 1, 1868.

The business will be continued at the old stand on Chickasaw street, by A. Connell and M. Connell, Jr., under the firm name of A. Connell & Co.

Memphis, September 1, 1868. sep2 tf

PETRO OIL.

Petro! Petro! Petro!

THE Tennewee Petro Oil Company is still alive at their new stand,

234 Main Street, Opposite Clay Building,

We inform the public in general to come forward and try it. We also defy competition in our Lamps, Burners and general Lamp Stock. We are manufacturers of the "Hanging Rock" Stoves Thware, Castings of great varieties, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well to examine our stock.

se8 1m ROSENBAUM & BROS.

DRY GOODS.

THE
DRY GOODS TRADE
OF MEMPHIS.
—FOR—
GRAND PREPARATIONS
—FOR—
FALL TRADE
—COMPETITION DEFIED—
—AT—
HOME OR ABROAD

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE FAVORABLE prospects of a bountiful season, by which there must necessarily insure

A LARGE TRADE

We have concluded arrangements through which we propose to offer inducements for all

BUYERS TO PURCHASE HERE

1st—All Imported Goods we will Import Direct, or buy from the Importer's Agents.

All Domestic Goods we will buy direct from the Manufacturers.

Shoes we will have made to order; in fact, we will procure all our Goods FROM FIRST HANDS, thereby saving the Jobber's profits.

2d—Through our large capital we are enabled to BUY FOR CASH, thereby can buy closer than those buying on credit.

3d—We shall continue to SELL ONLY FOR CASH, which enables us to sell at a closer profit than those selling on Time,

4th—We will continually have our buyers in the East watching the market and attending the Trade Auction Sales, buying Bargains, which we will again Sell as Bargains.

Through these advantages, it must be apparent to all that we will be able to COMPETE WITH

ANY MARKET ON THIS CONTINENT.

☞ People should not listen to the base fabrications of Cincinnati, Louisville and St. Louis drummers, that Memphis cannot compete with their markets.

MEMPHIS CAN NOW,
AND WILL,
COMPETE WITH ALL MARKETS

WE SHALL CONTINUE OUR

CLOAK MANUFACTORY

Under the management of a No. 1 CLOAK CUTTER, making up the LATEST PARISIAN STYLES, whereby we will save at least 25 per cent, and can thereby

SELL THEM 25 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than those buying from eastern manufacturers.

We shall keep the LARGEST as well as the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK

IN THIS CITY.

EVERY DEPARTMENT
—WILL—
BE COMPLETE.

Thankful for our customers for past patronage, we hope to keep a continuance of same, and through the GRAND PREPARATIONS WE HAVE MADE, the large increase of Stock and the close figures we shall sell at, we hope for a large increase of our custom.

We would especially invite all WHOLESALE BUYERS to give us a call before purchasing their Fall Stocks.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS,
Cor. Jefferson and Main Sts.
sep1

COTTON---COMMISSION.

T. H. & J. M. ALLEN & CO.
191 Common Street, N. O.

THOS. H. ALLEN & CO.,
7 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
se8 3m

J. T. FARGASON. J. R. TALBERT, OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH C. C. CLAY

FARGASON & CLAY,
[Successors to Fargason, Cordes & Co.,]
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 330 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENN.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se8 6m

JOHN S. TOOF, CHAS. J. PHILLIPS, F. M. NAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies.
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO., No. 226 Front street.
sep1

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN

F. LANE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Corner Union and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. au9

J. A. SHANE. ER. A. HARRIS.

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,
(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.,)
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
GENERAL COMMISSION
And Forwarding Merchants,
254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. sep1 3m

J. F. DOWDY,
Cotton Factor
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 264 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Liberal cash advances made on consignments. sep4 1m

W. W. GUY. J. H. M'CLELLAN. E. W. M'CLELLAN. T.C. PARK.

GUY, M'CLELLAN & CO.,
(Successors to Guy, Alden, McRae & Co., and Pearce, Park & Co.,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
COTTON FACTORS,
And General Commission Merch'ts,
No. 204 Front Street,
(Between Washington and Adams)
MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of well selected Staple Groceries, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Twine, and Plantation Supplies generally. Special personal attention will be given to the sale of Cotton and every description of Produce; and as we have a large and commodious first-class Fire-proof Warehouse, will receive Goods on Storage for shipment, etc. All consignments of Cotton, etc., to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. au29 1m

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
230 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au4 3m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of NORTON & JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON, LEVI JOY.

Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.

CARD.

JAMES NORTON, late Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late Wormeley, Joy & Co.

NORTON & JOY.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 334 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.
jy8 3m

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 254 Front Street,

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Flour, Meal, Bacon, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, which they offer at the lowest market rates. au16

W. L. STEWART,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 2 Bank Alley,
Near Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Will attend promptly to the sale of Cotton and Produce, and fill orders for supplies for customers. au23 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 254 Front Street.
UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us. au18 3m

In former times it was a practice with the merchants to give five gallons good liquor for the first Bale new Cotton. By way of keeping up something like the old custom, we propose to pay a premium of fifty dollars in silver for the first Bale new Cotton sent us from Tennessee, to weigh not less than 450 pounds.

au18 1m J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

Overland Route to Little Rock.

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Trains at Madison connect with the Stage Line between Madison and Devall's Bluff.

Passengers leaving Memphis at 7:30 a.m. arrive in Little Rock at 5 p.m. next day.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

☞ Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

STILL LOWER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS.

Shortest Line, Quick Time, Lowest Rates

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON R. R.

MARK YOUR GOODS
—VIA—
Virginia and Tennessee Air Line

Rates via NORFOLK have been greatly reduced, and are as follows:

TO MEMPHIS, PER 100 POUNDS.

From	1st Class.	2d Class	3d Class.	4th Class.
New York	$1 65	$1 40	$1 20	.90
Boston	1 65	1 50	1 30	.90
Philadelphia	1 90	1 75	1 55	.90
Baltimore	1 65	1 40	1 20	.85

All Rail rates from New York to Memphis have this day been reduced to following figures:

First Class, per 100 lbs	$2 15
Second Class, per 100 lbs	1 90
Third Class, per 100 lbs	1 75
Fourth Class, per 100 lbs	1 65

This route having the SHORTEST LINE, is determined to transport Freights TO and FROM Memphis at as low rates, or lower, than any other line.

CLAIMS for LOSS and DAMAGE promptly adjusted.

For Bills of Lading or information, call on C. S. SAWYER, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE Agent at Depot.

W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't M. and C. Railroad.
JOS. C. LOPEZ, Gen'l Fr't Ag't. sep2

Quickest Route to New York
—AND ALL—
PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES
—IS BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Summer Schedules, June, 1868.

Double Daily Through Trains
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	6:40 a.m.	2:40 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	6:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:30 p.m.
" Cleveland	9 50 p.m.	6:35 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:20 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:35 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	8:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	2:50 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

4 p.m. Train connects for Nashville, arriving at 8:45 a.m.

The 6:40 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

THROUGH TICKETS

At reduced rates, can be procured at Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

☞ Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. je6

COTTON GINS.

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of these unrivalled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

McCOMBS & CO.,
Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns,
322½ and 324 Main Street,
jy11 daw6m Memphis, Tenn.

Pratt's Southern Made Cotton Gin

THIS GIN is regarded by planters who have used it, as the best for sample, picking the seed clean and light draught. Planters cultivating bottom lands are requested to examine the Eureka Gin at Farrington & Howell's, 268 Front street. It will pay for itself in ginning fifty bales. A. N. Gunnison, manufacturer of the Steel Comb Gin before the war but now a planter, gives the following certificate:

"MEMPHIS, TENN., January 31, 1868.

"I take pleasure in recommending to planters cultivating Cotton on bottom lands of the Mississippi, Arkansas, White and St. Francis rivers, the Eureka Gin, made by Daniel Pratt, of Alabama. This Gin separates the hulls, bolls, etc., from the Seed Cotton, makes a good sample, and is superior to any other Gin for bottom lands. I have used one myself on a farm in Washington county, Miss., and it operates well and gives entire satisfaction in every respect. A. N. GUNNISON."

Orders for Gins, from 40 to 80 Saws and Gum Belting, at Factory Prices, addressed to the care of FARRINGTON & HOWELL, 268 Front street, Memphis, promptly filled. Presses and Gearing put up, and Gins repaired by a skillful Gin wright. G. W. TRUHEART,
jy28 8awdmdw Agent for Daniel Pratt.

COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS

E. CARVER CO.'S
Improved Gins!

THE great number of these celebrated Gin stands in use throughout this whole country, are actual working witnesses of their acknowledged superiority. No neighborhood is without some of these splendid machines, and we make reference to each and every planter now using them as to their superior advantages over all others.

Those needing Gins will consult their best interests when they bear in mind that the "E. CARVER CO.'S IMPROVED GINS" can be had with any desired number of Saws, either right or left hand motion, by calling on or sending their orders to

ALLISON BROTHERS,
Sole Agents, 270 Front St., Memphis.

Commission Merchants desiring to make purchases of Gin Stands for their customers, will find it to their advantage to call upon us.
jy14 2m ALLISON BROTHERS.

CULLETT'S
STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS
Orgill Bros. & Co., Agents,
MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE

WE are just in receipt of a shipment of the above superior Gin, manufactured under the immediate supervision of D. B. Gullett, of Aberdeen, Miss. The many certificates found in the catalogues give abundant testimony of the superiority of this Gin over any other now manufactured.

We are now prepared to furnish sizes from 40 to 80 saws, right or left hand. Catalogues will be furnished on application.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
Nos. 312 and 310,
au20 1m Corner Monroe and Front Sts.

SADDLERY, ETC.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.
AT REDUCED RATES,
C. N. CASE, J. C. & CO.,
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
sep1 tf Woodruff Block.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,
Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES
HATS AND CAPS,
No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.
sep8 3m

1868. FALL CAMPAIGN. 1868
—IN—
BOOTS & SHOES.

HAVING thoroughly canvassed the Shoe Districts this Summer, we are now able to offer to the Trade just the Goods to suit the people, at prices that will suit the people, at prices that will compete favorably with any city this side of Boston.

Call and examine, and you will buy your Shoe Goods in Memphis and save time and expense. Respectfully,

au27 1m JOS. S. LEVETT & CO., 339 Main street.

HARDWARE

ALLISON BROS.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
CUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,
MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,
270 Front Street.

☞ Merchants are respectfully invited to call and examine our Stock, which we are now daily receiving before making their purchases elsewhere. Our Stock is large and complete, embracing every variety in a GENERAL HARDWARE BUSINESS, and we feel assured that we can offer the Merchants superior inducements to trade with us. We are determined to suit them in prices. Come and see.
sep6 3m ALLISON BROS.

ORGILL BROS. & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY, ETC.,
Nos. 310 and 312 Front St.

A large Stock of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, English and German Single and Double-Barrel Shot Guns,
Half and Full Stocked Hunting Rifles,
English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Cast Iron Pots, Ovens and Skillets,
Rubber Belting, Iron and Steel,
French Window Glass,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Copper Stills, Axes, Rope,
Blacksmiths' Tools, Builders' Hardware, etc.
Agents for the Guillet Steel Brush Cotton Gin,
Agents for Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
Agents for Bradford's (Cincinnati) Flour and Corn Mills,
Agents for Marvin & Co.'s Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.
au13 1m

ST. LOUIS.

THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1837.
INCORPORATED 1851.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THOMAS RICHESON.....PRESIDENT
CHARLES K. VICKERS.....SECRETARY

COLLIER COMPANY'S MANUFACTURES
For Sale
BY ALL DEALERS IN
Memphis and Mississippi Valley
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PHYSICIANS.

DR. NORRIS,
OCULIST,
237 Main Street,
Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates. au1 3 tf

WILLIAM D. LYLES, M. D.,
TREATS DISEASES OF
Women & Children as Specialties.
OFFICE:
Corner Third and Madison Streets
jy26 MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

SADDLERY, ETC.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.
AT REDUCED RATES,
C. N. CASE, J. & CO.,
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
sep1 tf Woodruff Block.

TO NICHOLSON TAX-PAYERS.

THE Owners of many thousand feet of property situated having already organized and agreed on their plan of defense, all others who desire to be defended in their cases can unite with those already combined by signing their names and complying with the terms agreed on. They can do so any time before the 1st of October by calling at the *Ledger* office between the hours of 9 and 10 a.m. By order of the Association.

F. A. TYLER,
E. E. GRACE,
COLEMAN BOYD,
W. L. STEWART,
WM. FARRIS,
se8 3w Executive Committee.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

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sep6 3m ALLIS